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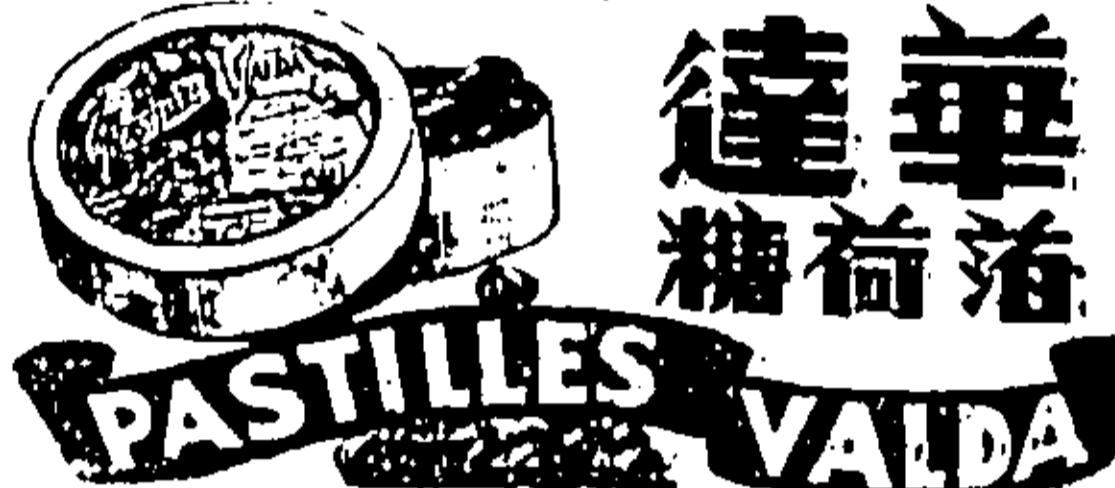
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CHINESE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE HOLDS ANNUAL MEETING

A call for a steady head and sincere endeavour in tackling problems as they arise in those unsolved times, was made by Mr. Ko Chau-hung, Chairman of the Hong Kong Chinese General Chamber of Commerce, at its annual general meeting yesterday.

Rumours of a third world war, and general uneasiness throughout the world, were reflected in this Colony, said Mr. Ko, but we were fortunate to have a competent and enlightened government, and conditions of stability comparing favourably with other places.

As merchants, members of the Chamber should place business integrity above everything else. It was the foundation of any sound business structure, and Hong Kong being essentially a trading centre, the importance of honest trading was all the more important.

Business in Hong Kong during the year was more or less normal, said Mr. Ko.

The subject of Government control of vegetables and fishery, Mr. Ko said the principle was sound but judging by the complaints made of alleged maladministration, he thought Government should seriously investigate these complaints so as to remove any genuine hardships which people might be suffering.

NT Expansion

Government's encouragement of educational expansion in the New Territories was applauded, and it

Appeal In Aberdeen Tenancy Case Allowed

An eviction order issued by a Justice of the Peace Court to the inmates of 1-14 Tung Shing Street, Aberdeen, on the application by the Urban Council, was quashed at the Appeal Court yesterday.

The Chief Justice, Sir Leslie Gibson, in allowing the appeal brought by the tenants against the order, ruled that to bring proceedings under the said Ordinance it must be based on dangers to health and not on physical dangers which might result from structural defects of the premises.

The inmates, about 30 of son of a decision of a Full Court on Criminal Appeal, it was not possible to carry proceedings under the Ordinance to their logical conclusion.

"Accordingly, the tenant was made, as a result of misinterpretation of the law, to bring proceedings under the Public Health (Sanitation) Ordinance."

"Mr. Hooton has rightly conceded that proceeding under that Ordinance must be based on some dangers to health and not on physical dangers which might result from structural defects of the premises."

"I accordingly agree that the order in this case cannot stand, and that it is not necessary to hear Mr. McNeil."

Mr. Hooton went on to say that he had consulted the Attorney General on the matter and had come to an agreement that the Ordinance had been in fact misconceived.

The Urban Council, he continued, inspected the premises, and it was found that the building was dangerous in the sense that the structure was defective and not in the sense that it was dangerous to health.

Giving his decision, Sir Leslie stated in part:

"This is an appeal against the closure order made by the Urban Council under Section 26 of the Public Health (Sanitation) Ordinance, 1935."

"We had to decide whether the tenants had the right to appeal, and that brought up the issue on whether the tenants had the right to be heard before the Justice when the closure order was up for consideration."

Entitled To Challenge

"We disposed of that point by our judgment of June 11, when we to the effect that the tenants did not have the right of appeal once before the Justice, but were nevertheless the persons aggrieved, and were therefore entitled to challenge the order."

"The proceedings, in the first place, were brought under the Building Ordinance. But by re-

Eviction Order Upheld

The decision of Mr. Charles Loseby, KC, Tenancy Magistrate, who issued an eviction order against Shing Kee and all the occupiers of 15A D'Aguilar Street, ground floor, was upheld by Mr. Justice Scholte, acting Puisne Judge at the Appeal Court yesterday.

The Tribunal had found that the appellants had sublet part of the premises without the consent of the landlord, Lai Yuen, the applicant.

Mr. B. A. Bernucci instructed by Mr. G. S. Ford was for the appellants. The landlord was represented by Mr. V. J. D'Alton on the instructions of Mr. J. C. Slewart.

The appeal was on the grounds that the decision of Mr. Loseby was against the weight of evidence and wrong in law. Appellant contended that on the evidence there was a "waiver" by the landlord of his right against the appellants under Section 20 of the Landlord and Tenant Ordinance, 1947.

He argued that the Tribunal had no jurisdiction to make the eviction order under Section 20 of the Ordinance against the appellants in that evidence disclosed that they were protected by the proviso clause of that section.

Europeans Sentenced For Theft

Two European sailors of the ss. Daybeam were charged at Kowloon yesterday with carrying of cloth valued at about \$500 from their ship.

D. T. Watt, aged 22, and D. Sanderson, aged 20, were arrested by the police in their quarters after a ship's watchman had notified the police that they had forced open the padlock on a hatch.

The prosecution said that on Thursday morning defendants went into the ship's hold where rolls of cloth meant for Japan and India were stored.

The watchman tried to stop them but they ignored him and forced open the padlock on the door.

The pair then left the hold via another exit.

The captain was notified and when the police arrived, defendants were arrested in their quarters.

Watt and Sanderson were each sentenced to six months' imprisonment with hard labour.

Detention Of Weapons

The Hong Kong Government yesterday would neither confirm nor deny the Canton report that Hong Kong has detained 1,600 machine-guns belonging to the Chinese Government.

"No statement" was the reply given to the "China Mail's" questions:

1. Is it true that the Hong Kong Government has detained 1,600 weapons belonging to the Chinese Government?

2. Why have the weapons been detained?

3. What kind of weapons are they?

To the question whether the Chinese Government has started negotiations for the release of the weapons, the official reply was that it would be more appropriate to inquire at the Chinese Government's representative here or at the source of the report at Canton.

Interviewed later in the day, Mr. T. W. Kwok, China's Special Commissioner (Foreign Affairs) for Kwangtung-Kwangsi, told the "China Mail" that he has no knowledge of the matter.

DRIVER FINED

A fine of \$250 was imposed by Mr. F. X. d'Almada on Chan Chuen-cheung yesterday for driving a car while under the influence of drink on July 7. Defendant's licence was ordered to be suspended for 12 months.

Defendant was found driving a car on July 7 in Pedder Street on the wrong side of the road.

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HONG KONG

PI Scouts Arrive



Philippine representatives arrived in the Colony yesterday on their way to the Fourth World Scouts Jamboree in Norway. They are (left to right): P. Tengco, Dr. Mariana de los Santos, R. Vergara and I. Ranjo.

PI Scouts En Route To Norway

A group of Boy Scouts representing the Philippines Islands at the British World Rover Meet came in yesterday from Manila by PAL. They are in transit here. Their destination is Norway where the meeting is to be held.

The head of the group is Dr. Mariano de los Santos, president of the University of Manila. The Scouts were Ricardo Vergara, Lucio Ranjo, Jr., Plamdel Teingo. They represent different provinces of the Islands.

The international boy Scouts meeting is to last ten days, from August 2 till August 12.

The discussion of this meeting is to be mainly concerned with Senior Scouts.

The Scouts were welcomed at the airport by Mr. Jose P. Barragan of Philippine Consulate.

Reminders

Today

Diocesan Boys' School classical concert for Servicemen, 4.15 p.m.

VRC-Chinese YMCA, Inter-club swimming gala, at VRC swimming pool, 9.30 p.m.

Society for the Protection of Children, Flag Day, Swimming Picnic, at Silverstrand beach, European YMCA, 2.30 p.m.

Annual Memorial Service at Orthodox Church, Kowloon, for late Russian Imperial Family and victims of the Russian Revolution, 6 p.m.

Kowloon Tong Christ Church Tennis Party, 5 p.m.

Coming Events

TOMORROW

Classical Concert, Tse H. Talbot House, 50, Macdonald Road, 8.45 p.m.

HK Art Club, sketching class, members to assemble at the old Shauklewan Police Station, 2.30 p.m. (For further details contact Mr. Robbins. Tel: 30708).

European YMCA Swimming Picnic at Silverstrand beach, 2.30 p.m.

CRIMINAL SESSIONS

The July Criminal Sessions, which will open on Monday, comprise one murder case, two cases involving robbery and possession of arms and ammunition, and five cases of breach of a deportation order.

Following are the cases, the pieces in which will be taken on Monday:

Chen Kau alias Chan Pak Wong Hung alias Liu Pak-wing alias Liu Yin-wun, Kan Kau alias Chan Kau, Law Kung-lung alias Lam Kwong alias Wong Ming, Ng Kam alias Ng Ming—Breach of deportation order.

The Japanese think that the future of Japan is in Socialism, adding that observing how Socialism worked in England, was an inspiration to them.

The party will be returning to Japan today as the Pan American plane by which they are travelling stopped overnight in the Colony.

With regard to Japan's being re-instated by the ILO, Mr. Yamamoto said, it all depends on the progress of international events, adding, "we were sure however that the other members at the ILO conference were very anxious to have Japan as a member."

The Japanese were very concerned about the turn of events in China particularly Hong Kong's part in Far Eastern politics.

News of the assassination of Sadanaru Shimoyama, Japan's Railway Chief, was received by the Japanese delegation while they were in London.

"We were really surprised at the reception accorded us by all delegates attending the conference," he said, mentioning that Mr. Kato's address brought the Chinese member across the large hall to congratulate him.

Through Mr. Yamamoto, the other Japanese officials expressed greatest of satisfaction over the outcome of the trip.

The delegation was escorted to Japan in late May on Mr. Chester Hepler, representative of General Douglas MacArthur, who, at Geneva, held a 30-minute report of Labour in Japan.

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To the question whether the Chinese Government has started negotiations for the release of the weapons, the official reply was that it would be more appropriate to inquire at the Chinese Government's representative here or at the source of the report at Canton.

Mr. Kato, who is Chief of the Railway Workers' Union was very much grieved by this, said Mr. Yamamoto, and deplored the incident as an act of Japanese terrorism.

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The party will be returning to Japan today as the Pan American plane by which they are travelling stopped overnight in the Colony.

Li Ming—Robbery by two or more;

King-sun—(1) Robbery by two or more; (2) possession of arms;

(3) conspiracy to rob; (4) possession of arms and ammunition.

Chung Woon—Murder.

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'20 Words \$2 for 1 insertion
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Classified Advertisements accepted up to 6 p.m. for publication
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Replies for the following Box Nos. are awaiting collection.

Replies will be forwarded to the Advertiser if requested on the
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A suitable announcement will be inserted Free of Charge if
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Dan River Suits, Debby Dresses
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CHURCH NOTICE

BIBLE AUDITORIUM, Chatham & Mody Roads, Kowloon
(Services Sunday, Friday, and Saturday nights 8:30 P.M.; Saturday 5:00 P.M. each week)

MEMORIAL CHURCH, 17 Ventris Road, Happy Valley, Hong Kong
(Services 7:00 P.M. Sunday and 8:30 P.M. Thursday every week)

Detamore-Meissner, Evangelists

Sunday, July 17: "FRANKENSTEIN & WORLD WAR III"

(A beautiful 100-page book, "Our Amazing Times" given free to every person present Sunday night)

Friday, July 22: "PROTESTANT PURGATORY"—Did Christ Descend into Hell to French to Spirits in Prison? (This subject will be given Thurs. night on the Hong Kong side)

Saturday, July 23: "The Last Night in Babylon"

5:00 P.M.: "Will God of Love Eternally Torment the Lost?"—7 Hard Texts Explained.

N. GARLAND, Acting Director of Marine.

Marine Office, Hong Kong, July 14, 1949.

NOTICE

HONG KONG DEFENCE FORCE

It is hereby notified that sealed tenders in duplicate, which should be clearly marked "Tender for Catering for Hong Kong Defence Force" will be received at the Office of the Chairman, Tender Board, Colonial Secretariat, Lower Albert Road, until noon on Friday, July 29, 1949.

Forms of Tender, Specification and further particulars may be obtained from the Commandant, Hong Kong Defence Force, Headquarters, Garden Road.

L.-T. RIDE, Colonel, Commandant, Hong Kong Defence Force.

July 13, 1949.

BRITISH STEAMER
"INCHMARK"

Tenders are invited for the purchase of the above vessel of 5738 gross tons, 3558 net tons, length 410'4", breadth 54'2", depth 20'9", as she lies ashore on Schlipad Reef off Jamders Island, latitude 7° 5' South, longitude 132° 3' East; leakage in vessel at time of abandonment under control of ship's pumps, but vessel allowed to flood up to steady her in surf. Unless sustained further damage can be pumped out. Apart from apparently slight leakage bottom, remainder of vessel undamaged.

Tenders will be received up to noon, local time, 12th August, 1949.

We, as agents for the Owners of the "Inchmark", do not bind ourselves to accept the highest or any tender.

WILLIAMSON & CO.
P. & O. Building.

July 16, 1949.

NOTICE

CABLE & WIRELESS, LTD.

announce that, owing to technical and other difficulties at Shanghai, increasing delay in both telegraph and telephone traffic may be expected.

HARRIMAN REALTY CO., LTD.

TO LET — New apartments in Pak
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level. Nearly completed.

Telegrams: "Harriman"
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King's Building (2nd Floor), 8, Connaught Rd., Hong Kong

NOTICE THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

Notice is hereby given that an Interim Dividend of £2.0.0. per share (nett, after deduction of Hong Kong Corporation Profits Tax) has been declared in respect of the year ending 31st December, 1949, at a rate of 1/2 13/16d. per Dollar.

This Dividend will be payable on or after Monday, 15th August at the Offices of the Corporation, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.

The REGISTER OF SHARES OF THE CORPORATION will be closed from FRIDAY, 29th JULY to SATURDAY, 13th AUGUST (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of Shares can be registered.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD
OF DIRECTORS,

A. MORSE,
Chief Manager.

Hong Kong, July 12, 1949.

UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG

FACULTY OF MEDICINE

A Post-Graduate Refresher Course in Pediatrics will be held from Wednesday, 3rd August, 1949 to Monday, 10th October, 1949.

There will be three teaching sessions per week, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, from 5 p.m. to 7 p.m.

Details of this course may be obtained on application to the Registrar, University of Hong Kong.

B. MELLOR,
Registrar.

MARINE DEPARTMENT NOTICE NO. 26 OF 1949

FOR INFORMATION OF SHIP OPERATORS AND CHARTERS.

It is hereby notified that Wednesday, 13th July, 1949, has been declared a Weather non-working Day.

N. GARLAND, Acting Director of Marine.

Marine Office, Hong Kong, July 14, 1949.

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Tel. 81552

King's Building (2nd Floor), 8, Connaught Rd., Hong Kong

THE CHINA MAIL, SATURDAY, JULY 10, 1949.

Hitch In Plans For HK Exhibition Hall

The scheme for the establishment of a permanent exhibition hall in the Colony, which has been under consideration by the Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce for the past eight months, is still in the air, the "China Mail" has been informed.

Lack of support from prospective exhibitors, and the heavy initial cost of putting up the building for housing the hall, are the main causes for the hitch.

The scheme, first mooted in August last, was for the hall to be run on commercial lines, similar to the one at Prague, where a large trade fair is held each year.

The idea was favourably received by Government who passed it on to the Chamber for study, with an indication that if the Chamber thought it practicable there was a chance of land being made available on favourable terms.

The Chamber appointed a special sub-committee to study the proposition, and it was found that if a three-floor exhibition building giving 15,000 feet of floor space was to be erected, the cost would come to about HK\$800,000.

Member firms were then asked for their support as well as the support of their overseas principals but the response was not favourable.

It was pointed out that conditions in China were too unsettled to justify such a large-scale expenditure.

The Chairman of the Chamber, on his arrival in Britain recently, together with Mr. W. P. Montgomery, the United Kingdom Trade Commissioner in Hong Kong, took the matter up with Board of Trade officials.

Suggestions put forward by these people, who have daily business on the airfield and should therefore know the requirements that would ensure operational efficiency, are:

Enlargement of the apron by extending aircraft, which, in some cases remain on the lot for days.

In other words, these people are of the opinion that the apron side of the strip should be used only by transit aircraft remaining for not longer than three hours.

The planes at present occupying this plot of precious space, they said, could be moved over to the other side of the strip.

The present system whereby aircraft must be across the runway, brings about countless inconveniences, these men complained.

The worst of these is that the single give-on to the runway is frequently blocked by other aircraft and much time is wasted in clearing schedules thereby suffering.

"The arrangements were perfectly alright," one told us "perhaps a year ago, when traffic and planes at Kai Tak were not as numerous as now." They all are of a same opinion that much can be done and should be done to maintain the reputation Kai Tak has as an international aerial crossroads.

• • •

Cathay Pacific Airways are now agents for Pan American, CNAC handled PAA's traffic and maintenance affairs before. But as of July 7, they had to relinquish the responsibilities due to their own heavy commitments, it was reported. Pacific Air Maintenance will now do the servicing jobs for Pan American.

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NOTICE

PROTECTED PLACE

The hangar of the Department of Civil Aviation at Kai Tak has been officially declared as a Protected Place (Safeguard) Ordinance of 1946. The hangar is on the North side of Salkung Road.

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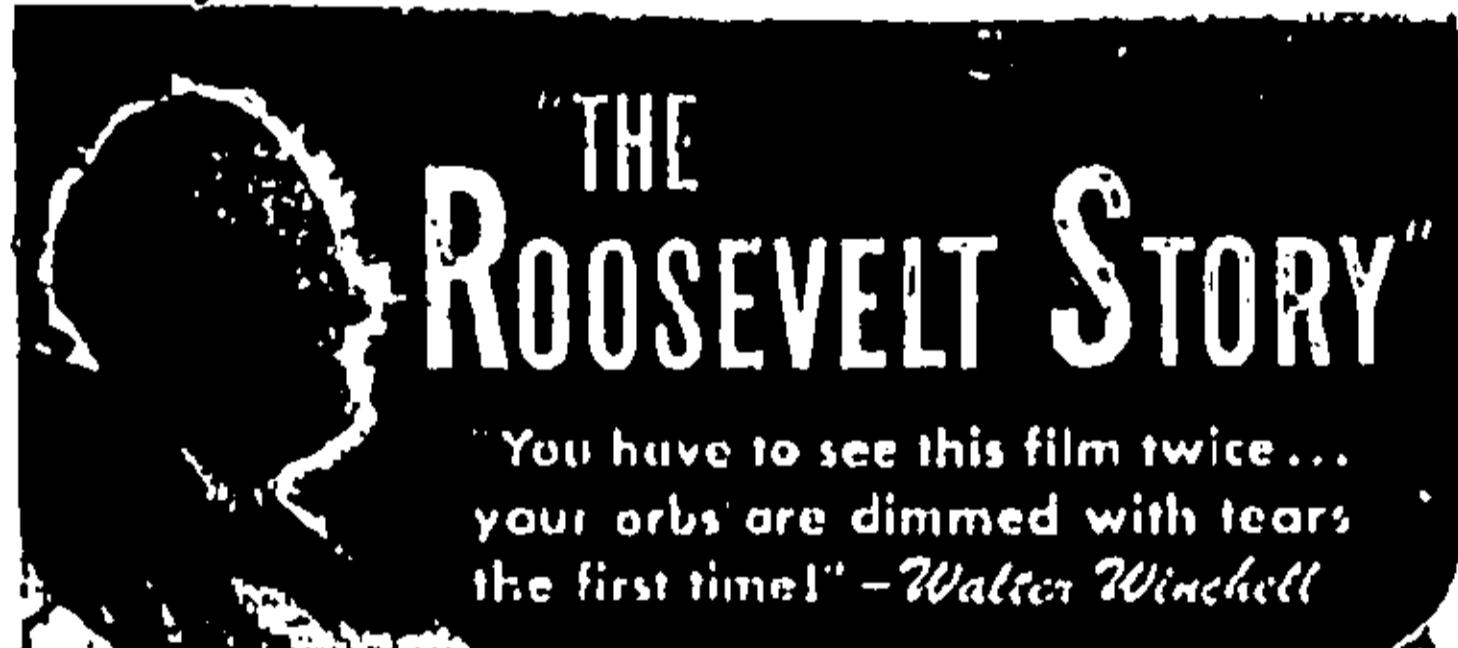
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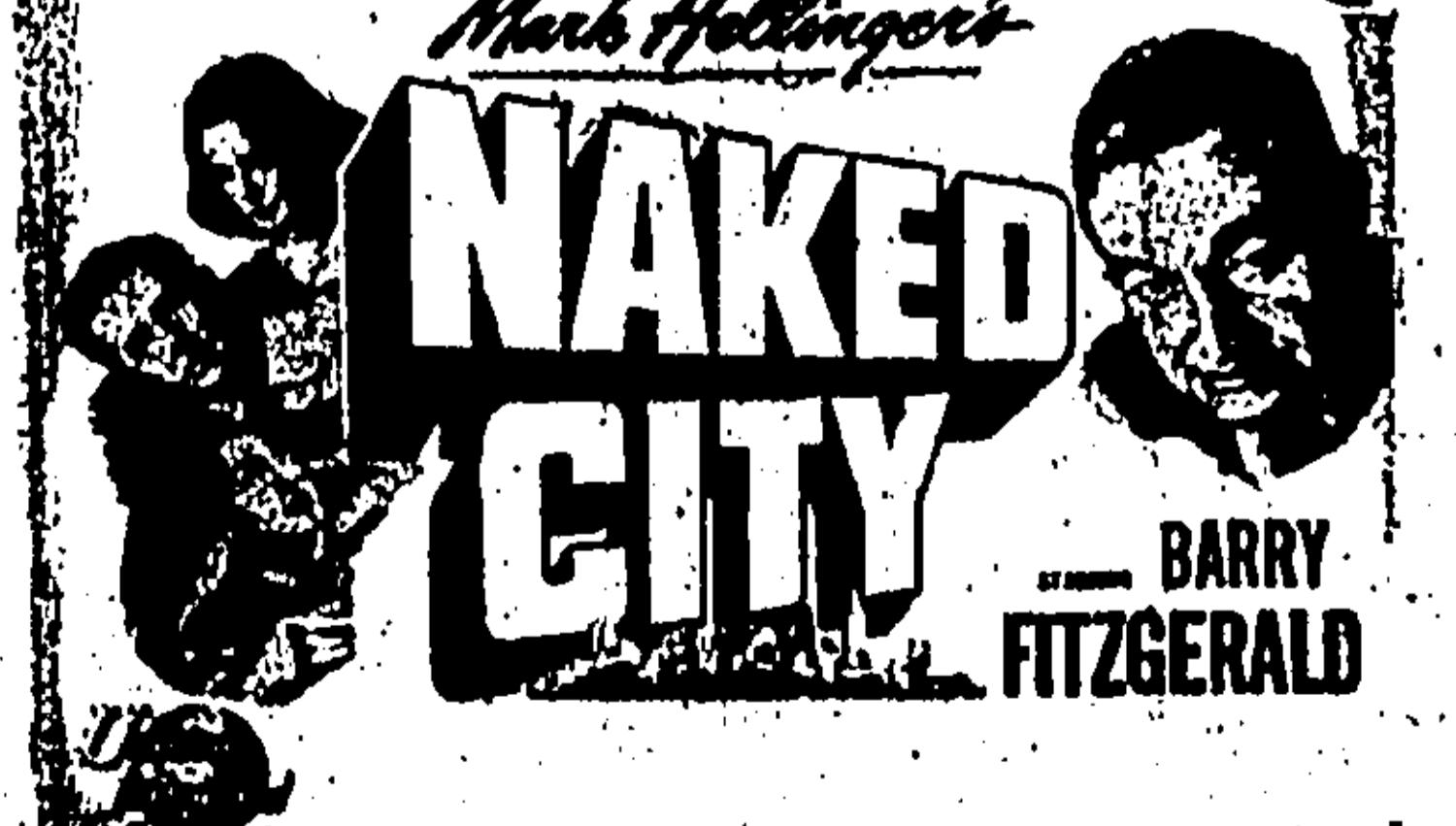
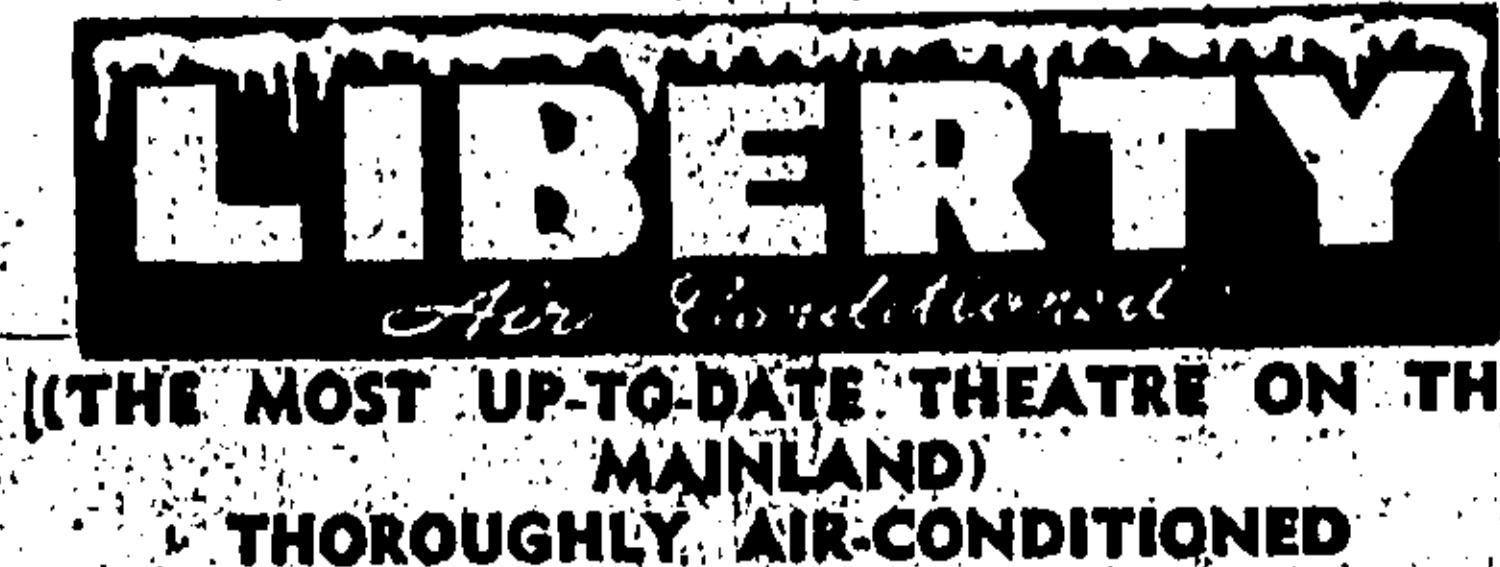
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Mark Hollings

KEEP COOL
At theBOMB INCIDENT AT CALCUTTA MEETING
Nehru Greeted With Violence

MONROE DOCTRINE PROPOSAL

Washington, July 14. An extension of the Monroe Doctrine to Western Europe was suggested today by Senator Flanders (Republican, Vermont) as an alternative to ratification of the North Atlantic Treaty.

A resolution calling on President Truman to promulgate the extension was introduced in the Senate by Senator Flanders with the support of Senator Robert Taft (Republican, Ohio).

The Monroe Doctrine, which was enunciated by President Monroe in 1823, declared that the United States would not interfere in European affairs, but would view displeasure at attempt by the European powers to subject the nations of the New World to their political systems.

Both Senators opposed the Treaty in its present form on the ground that it commits the United States to supply arms to Western Europe. Senator Flanders said the extent of America's obligation to Western Europe could be worked out by the Senate.

He told reporters that he was concerned about the danger of arming countries which might change their form of government.

Opposing the North Atlantic Pact, Senator William Langer (Republican) described it as a "bold-faced military alliance initiated by the United States."

"If the Treaty is a constructive step towards a realistic peace, why is it still necessary to surround it with double talk, evasion, misrepresentation and a complete lack of candour," Senator Langer asked.—Reuter.

RUSSIA AND THE AT-BOMB

Canberra, July 14. Professor Marcus Oliphant, the British atomic scientist, said here tonight that he "would not be surprised if Russia was getting near to producing an atom bomb."

Professor Oliphant, who is relinquishing his post as Professor of Physics at Birmingham University to become Professor of Physical Sciences at the Australian National University, Canberra, arrived here today on an atomic research mission.

The Professor said that America began producing atom bombs several years ago, but "even with her vast industrial capacity she is only now getting into real production."

He said that the world's most powerful "atom exploding" machine may be built in Australia. The machine would be used to explore the interior of the atom and would work on novel principles. It could enable particles to be directed at an atom with a force of 2,000 million volts.

The proposed machine would be one-third of the size, but twice as powerful as the one being built in Birmingham, the Professor said. He explained that atom-smashing electrons had so far been used only between 20,000 and 30,000 volts.

The machine, which would weigh 1,500 tons, might be erected within a Canberra hillside, an underground site being necessary to protect workers against dangerous rays.—Reuter.

A bomb exploded at a corner of the huge parade ground here today while the Indian Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, was calling on a mass meeting to "face the Communist trouble squarely."

One policeman was killed and five people wounded when the bomb was thrown at a police picket guarding the crowd of a 1,000,000 men and women. After the meeting, Pandit Nehru returned to Government House.

On the route, a young man carrying a loaded revolver was challenged by the police and fired three times at a policeman. Later a man was arrested.

It was later learned that the shots after the meeting were fired at the Deputy Commissioner of Police, who was on duty at the gate through which Mr. Nehru was expected to pass on his way back to Government House. All the shots missed.

A police sergeant rushed towards the young man, jumped from his horse and fired several shots at him, eventually seizing him with a revolver in his hand. No one was hurt in the shooting.

Before the meeting, five other bomb explosions occurred in scattered areas of Calcutta, injuring two policemen and several passers-by.

The huge meeting climaxed Mr. Nehru's three-day "fact-finding" visit to Calcutta to investigate the unrest and violence in Bengal.

"Remain Calm"

The Prime Minister called on the crowd to "fight back" the menace of Communism. "Do not run away from it," he said.

"The cry for civil liberties raised in certain quarters is not for genuine civil liberties. If these people have their way India will suffer the same fate as Germany under Hitlerism."

Half-way through the speech people in one corner threw leaflets into the air and shouted anti-Congress slogans.

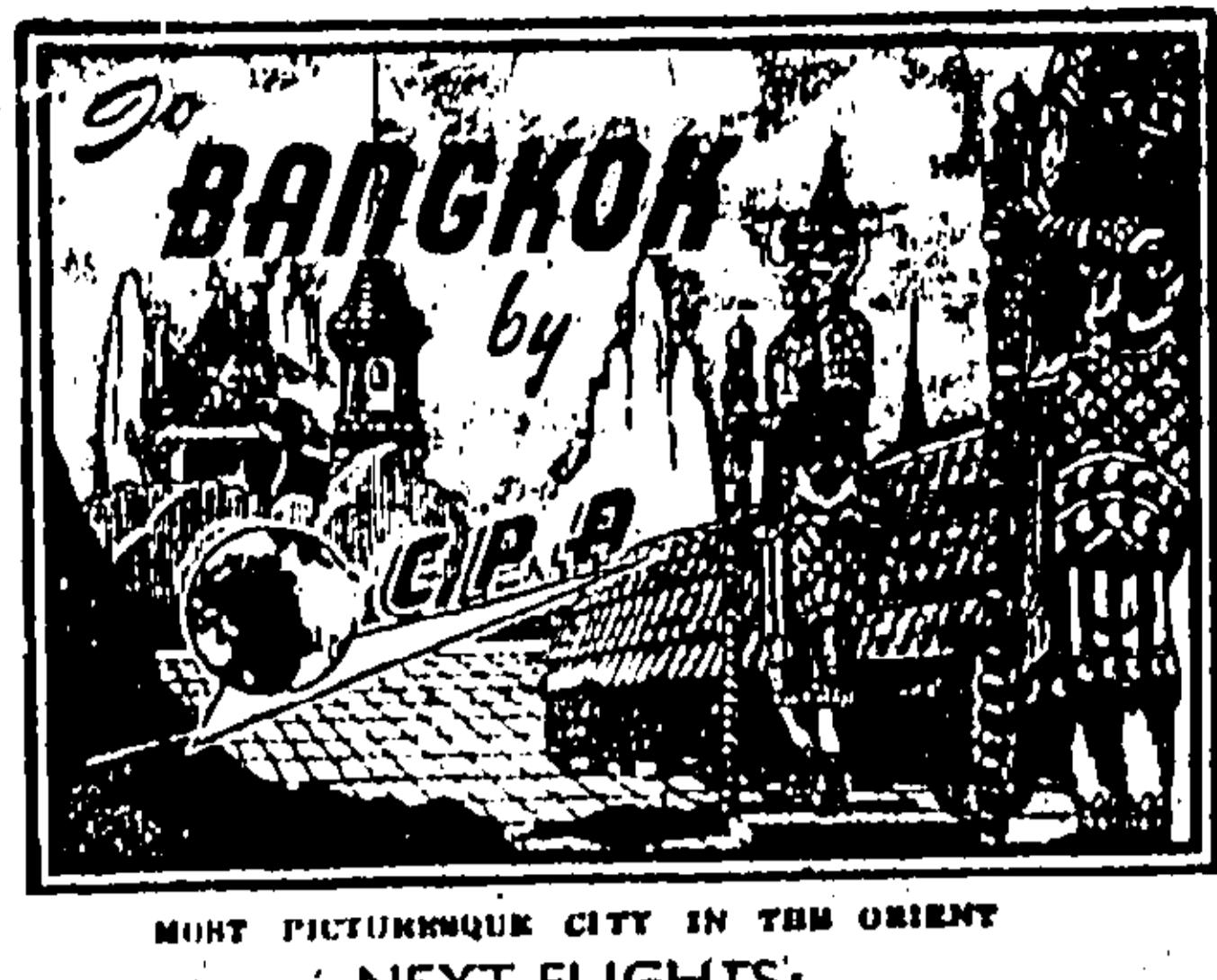
When some of his audience became restless, Mr. Nehru called out: "Please remain calm. Stay where you are. It is a challenge to the vast majority of this audience that a few seek to create trouble."

"It is for you, the people, to take up this challenge."

His appeal was greeted by an outburst of cheering and he continued his speech after asking the police not to interfere with the demonstrators.

Mr. Nehru spoke for two hours. He told his meeting: "I

THE CHINA MAIL, SATURDAY, JULY 10, 1948.



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MANILA
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SINGAPORE
MANILA
BANGKOK
RANGOON
SINGAPORE
MANILA

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Monday	18th	"
Monday	18th	"
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ARMY IMPACT

From the time of the first announcement that the Hong Kong garrison was to be materially increased, it was obvious that the arrival of such a large body of troops would have considerable effect on the community. The military authorities, it was realised, would have many problems to face, and not a few headaches, in their attempts to make everything run relatively smoothly and efficiently. To complicate matters, time was of the essence, as an emergency might arise at short notice.

On the whole, the Service chiefs can take credit for their tactful and capable handling of the situation, but in some ways their actions leave much to be desired. They seem—and perhaps this was inevitable—to have accepted the opinions of senior civil servants and prominent business men as to what should be done, and the results can be seen, for instance, in requisitioning. Following the usual Hong Kong practice, the properties of the wealthy and powerful are apparently sacrosanct, while a group such as the La Salle College brothers, who wield no strong influence, find themselves on a losing wicket.

The college has not yet been taken over, and we offer the suggestion to all parents concerned that they should combine with the brothers to fight this move. It is no use applying to the unofficial members of the Legislature, but a mass protest to the Governor, to be signed by many outside sympathisers as well, might achieve results. This would almost certainly be reported in the London newspapers, and the entire subject, with this as a peg, could be aired in Parliament. We think such a move would be successful.

Judging by correspondence and our own observation, there are plenty of people willing to take the Quarters Authority to almost completed, empty blocks of flats, or new hotels which would be ideal for conversion to a military hospital. Even more suitable would be some of the enormous mansion houses, several of which are occupied by only two or three members of a wealthy family. We ourselves can point to one large dwelling which has been vacant for some time, the owners preferring to live in other of their houses. We cannot believe the authorities are not already aware of its existence, and would be most interested to learn how they could possibly justify ignoring it, while proposing to take over a school with nearly a thousand pupils. The only answer would seem to be the familiar statement: "You can't buck important people round here."

A correspondent mentioned the Castle Peak Hotel, just open to the public which can afford to go. Not only would it have made a good hospital (without disturbing any residents) but it pointedly suggested itself as a perfect Forces' leave centre. The "China Mail" recommended such a project some weeks ago, and it probably have produced the greatest boost to morale that could be envisaged, but we have yet to

Marinus Has An Elixir For Bald

Two elderly, gleaming-topped Englishmen, who sternly refuse their tails are making weekly visits to a forming hamlet of 900 in Eastern Holland. But, their mission is not secret. They are among the 1,500 persons taking treatments from Marinus Van Rooyen, the hair-growing barber of Eem.

Forty-nine-year-old Van Rooyen has struck it rich among the hairless with a murky elixir of his own concoction that he jealously guards it even from his own family. With this liquid and a series of massage treatments the wonder barber claims that he can grow hair on most bald heads in a year—or money back.

The two Englishmen who are in an early phase of treatment are still bald. But there is a young farmer who displays blond wisps that he says he did not have four months ago.

And there is Van Rooyen's star exhibit, his first client, Klaus Tolner, who says his hair has been cut three times since it was restored.

Carefully Locked Up

It is useless to inquire into the wonder barber's secret. He refuses to permit cubicle examinations. Every night when the daily pilgrimage of the hairless is over, he carefully locks up his bottles. When he mixes the liquid, even his wife and son are banished from the room. Van Rooyen refuses to submit his formula for patent. "Let them look at my results," he says, "that should satisfy them."

Van Rooyen has received many offers to set up shop in a more accessible place than this out-of-the-way village, but he has so far refused. For this the people of the neighbourhood are grateful for they are sharing in the general prosperity.

Een has begun to resemble a town where gold has been struck. Local hotels and restaurants are full. The traffic is almost too much for the narrow roads. The village farmers talk grandiosely of plans for large hotels to house the hairless.

It is Van Rooyen's hard-bitten secretiveness that worries the townspeople. He has borne it well under the boom, but they fear that when he dies he will take the secret to the grave and Een will return to the oblivion from which he raised it.

How He Works

But these disturbing thoughts are pushed away as each day a flood of mail from all over the world brings new inquiries, new applications for treatment. The wonder barber talks little, but he is willing to show how he works.

First, he examines the pato with a magnifying glass, pressing down with two wads of cotton then brushing vigorously with two stiff brushes. Next follows an application of the secret liquid, which is massaged into the head, followed by a white salve.

In some cases he adds ultra-violet ray treatment, but he says this is not essential. Each new client must sign a contract to pay £36 the money to be returned if there is no visible growth in a year.

Van Rooyen's simple shop, a converted farmhouse, is divided into sections for ladies and gentlemen. His women clients include 2,000 girls, who wear wigs and who are waiting here as servants while taking the treatment. Thus Een is probably the only town in Holland without a servant problem.

DANIEL SCHORR.

FORGERIES OF U.S. DOLLARS

London, July 14.

Faked United States dollar notes printed in Norway are being circulated in London to a considerable extent, a detective told the London Central Criminal Court, today.

He was giving evidence against Douglas Guy Julian Jacobs, aged 31, clerk of Wandsworth, London, who was sent to prison for 12 months for possessing 20 forged US\$100 notes.

On the judge's direction, the jury stopped the case against Syed Kazi, aged 41, a tailor, who was also charged with possessing forged notes. He was discharged.

Detective Sergeant Stanley said that he was satisfied that Jacobs was merely a canvasser for orders for the notes, which were printed in Norway and brought to this country.

According to a written statement, Jacobs said that he met someone at a West End hotel who had asked him to find a buyer for them. —Reuters.

hear that the subject has even been examined.

In our opinion, the Army has sufficient strength not to worry about stepping on the toes of the well-to-do, who are the backbone of the country. The "China Mail" has recommended such a project some weeks ago, and it probably have produced the greatest boost to morale that could be envisaged, but we have yet to

THE CITIES OF AMERICA

STIMULATION FOR ENGLISH VISITOR

To an Englishman there must be something endlessly stimulating about the great new cities of America... New York, that unique and lovely metropolis of towers and Babylonian terraces, I have described in my previous article. Of the older cities, Boston must make a special appeal to him by its beauty, and because of the cultivated tastes of its inhabitants.

If it was once the centre of revolutionary anti-English feeling, it has long, also, been the centre of the English connection. In Boston an Englishman feels at home, spiritually, even architecturally. Origins still count there, and I recall how, when the first morning I went to have my hair cut, the barber, after he asked me if I was from England, told me that his ancestor was one of three brothers who had left Bedfordshire in 1630.

From Boston to Buffalo is a far cry, in history. There, I fulfilled my first engagement out of New York, an occasion I shall always remember. I arrived early on an autumn morning and stood in a queue in the hall of the hotel to obtain a room. Eventually I was shown up by a bell-hop, who promptly turned on the wireless. Appalling maulings and belated anticipations flooded the room immediately.

"Turn that off, please," I requested.

"Then," he replied, "you're not fond of music."

I retorted, "Then I am fond of music, you mean."

Miles Of Avenues

Such a great and recent creation as Kansas City, however, has all its weight in the future. Magnificently disposed, among wooded hills on the fringe of the greatest corn country in the world, the very province of Ceres, it awaits with a sense of security that greater position which the future must inevitably bring it. In every way you are made to feel how recent and exciting the building up of life here has been. Only a few generations ago, the country was inhabited solely by Redskins, leading their nomadic lives, fishing and hunting. My hostess at dinner the second night of my visit was the great-niece of Jessie James, a romantic and fabulous character of the Middle West comparable to Robin Hood in England.

But Kansas City, though it seems so far-away, has a superb cultural centre in its main—the William Rockhill Nelson Gallery of Art, one of the finest in the country, with a collection of Chinese art unrivalled elsewhere in the continent except in Toronto and the Metropolitan in New York. It stands, moreover, as a living assertion of the value of the arts, and lacks the petrified quality sometimes to be found in European galleries.

St. Paul, Minnesota, presents in

joint University Boards such as we have in England.

A further important consideration in university education in the United States is the part played by the small, often privately endowed universities of which we have no exact counterpart in England.

Such universities are usually non-coeducational, and in some cases the enrolment is deliberately kept at a small fixed figure in order to make possible a closer contact between student and faculty.

It seems rather a pity that there are not more exchange students available between England and the United States, which can do so much to cement Anglo-American friendship.

By HUBERT SCOTT

quiring knowledge primarily of use to him in his immediate career.

The introduction of specialized departments into universities can be criticised on the ground that it may lead to a narrow concept of education.

The leaders in American university life are aware of this danger, which is very real, yet the two factors mentioned have had an important effect in integrating the university life into that of the community, and in a way that would be inherently difficult with the English university system.

It is not altogether chance that university sport in the United States has almost an equality of following with professional sport, nor that you find the individual citizen with a surprising knowledge of and interest in university affairs and of highly specialised research projects pursued in the universities.

Frequently classes range from

100 to 1,000, when it is often necessary for the lecturer to use a public address system in order to make himself heard to students, most of whom he never has a chance to see personally.

So although at first you may feel somewhat anxious, at being introduced to a road-and-investigating teaching of reading in infant schools, etc., as cold drink (the American answer to "100 in the shade"), serve to brighten the Atlantic, and others, in casual discussion on the relative accuracy of calling a straw a "spur" you find that careful observational techniques combined with statistical methods are making it easier for American children to read, and to do so well.

Perhaps one of the greatest difficulties facing American University faces is in developing more uniform standards of education and teaching for geographically

disseminated areas. In England, for example, the grammar school in



The Indian Government seems to want the Portuguese Government to give way.

Unless Catholics become excommunicants.

An outgoing passenger at Kai Tak was caught with 77 lbs. of raw opium. Nabbed just as he was going into smoke.

It is not only tools by which made that come out of Persia.

La Salle A Manager

Lets all stick up for La Salle, and put the Army patients in the new nine-storey flats which are safe as the block there, and there's plenty of credit to build more where that comes from.

A chap who says he never looks at other women must have very bad eyesight.

Three hundred Communist youths armed with sticks tried to stop the showing of the "Iron Curtain" in Amsterdam.

Seems as if they took the title a bit literally.

Cobbler who turned pickpocket to be deported. Booted out or shooed off for the last time?

Were-Writers

When the moon is full a young Roman likes to howl like a wolf.

If he were here he would probably work it off writing a letter to the editor.

A Turkish claimant to having discovered Noah's floating hotel in one part of the country has found that he has a rival in another. An Ark and a mark!

We were always very leprous when playing whist with Mrs. Stewart of the Blues in her later days, but there was never a game in which she didn't say, "Ye widow trump ma ace, wid ye!"

Hard Times

A man has just got 12 months in England for passing phony US\$100 bills. Hard currency, if you get it the easy way, can mean hard labour.

Bao Dai has just been busily installing himself as leader of all the Annamites at the ancient capital of Hue, promoted Hoey. And that "how it all sounds to Ho Chi Minh.

Seven shells burst in Hué just where the premier was to speak a little later. He fell extremely mortified at this over-enthusiasm of his loyal subjects.

Feelings Got The Better Of Him

"Hamming's too good for black-marketeers," said Nosh in the course of an appeal to a Calcutta crowd concerning the virtues of "non-violence."

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CRIPPS ANNOUNCES FURTHER AUSTERITY SCHEME FOR UK

Colossal Reduction In Dollar Imports SUGAR RATION CUT

LONDON, JULY 14.
SIR STAFFORD CRIPPS, CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER, TODAY ANNOUNCED THAT BRITAIN IS TO CUT HER DOLLAR IMPORTS IN 1949-50 BY £100,000,000 BECAUSE OF THE DOLLAR "GAP". HE MADE THE ANNOUNCEMENT AT THE OPENING OF A TWO-DAY DEBATE IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS ON BRITAIN'S ECONOMIC SITUATION.

Six Commonwealth Finance Ministers and the heads of two other Commonwealth delegations heard the Chancellor say that the dollar import cuts means reducing Britain's sugar ration to eight ounces weekly. Sweets will go back on the ration after three months' free sale. He announced that the \$110,000,000 originally budgeted for buying tobacco will be cut by \$20,000,000. The Minister of Food, Sir Stafford said, would announce some increases in other foods—butter, meat and bacon—which are governed by supplies coming from non-dollar sources.

It would be impossible to import all the cotton from India alone which had been hoped for "but we shall import at least as much as last year," the Chancellor added.

Britain would have to cut off part of her imports of steel.

He had not at this stage decided on any additional restrictions on petrol consumption.

Cuts would be necessary in imports of all important materials but the effects of these cuts would vary from material to material.

The principal materials affected would be timber, paper and pulp, non-ferrous metals, steel and cotton.

The Chancellor said he had decided to work on the assumption that Britain would not be able to afford in 1949-50 more than 75 per cent of her imports from the dollar area in 1948.

These imports in 1948 amounted to about £400,000,000 and we are thus working on the assumption that we shall not be able to afford to import dollar goods at a rate of more than £300,000,000." Sir Stafford stated.

There should be enough raw materials to sustain Britain's present overall level of production.

No New Help

The combined effects of the standstill agreement on dollar purchases and the reduced import programme should eventually produce a marked reduction on the strain on Britain's reserves, the Chancellor added.

"The Commonwealth conference, we hope, will result in some immediate action by the rest of the Sterling Area," he continued.

He was discussing short-term measures to improve Britain's dollar position with the United States and Canadian Governments, but there was no suggestion of new financial help.

Sir Stafford declared that his recent discussion with Mr. John Snyder, United States Secretary for the Treasury, and Mr. D. C. Abbott, Canadian Finance Minister, had been "most fruitful".

Sir Stafford said that it was in the light of his talk with Mr. Snyder and Mr. Abbott and the start of the conference of Commonwealth Finance Ministers that the picture of the past three months could be seen in "somewhat clearer detail".

Giving a factual account of Britain's position at the end of

INDO-CHINA TENSION INCREASES

BALGON, JULY 14.—French army forces are concentrating amid mounting tension along the frontier between Burma and Indo-China, the semi-official France Presse Agency announced today.

The Agency reported an official source as saying that a Chinese band had crossed the frontier and besieged the Indo-Chinese post of Thio Peung, about 150 miles West of Luang Prabang, during June.

"Liaison with this post has been re-established recently," the Agency added. It did not say if the siege has been lifted.—Associated Press.

That of all Sterling Area countries was the same to preserve the stability of Sterling and the strength of the reserves.

"Exactly what contributions we can each make to this purpose and how best we can make them depends upon the form of our trade with the dollar area," he said.

"We must all tell all we can do even if it means some of the rest, including the United Kingdom, having less as a consequence. And we must cut down our dollar expenditure. These matters I am now discussing with colleagues from the other Commonwealth countries."

Dealing with the high cost of Lancashire production, the Chancellor said that the concentration on buying non-dollar materials had resulted in Britain's having to pay more for raw materials from those sources than from the dollar area. The situation was not likely to right itself until it was again possible to buy goods freely from either dollar or non-dollar sources. All the countries concerned were determined to deal with the situation by fundamental means which would "preserve throughout the world that full employment which has been the main economic and social aim of our civilisation since the end of the war," he said.

"Democracy, economic independence and full employment form a magnificent programme for the free peoples of the world.

Worse To Come?

"We must spare no effort to see that we establish these three as a great safeguard for the liberty of the peoples of the world. Their achievement will establish our victory and will ensure the freedom and happiness of future generations," Sir Stafford concluded.

Mr. Oliver Lyttelton, wartime Minister of Production and chief Opposition speaker, said, "These cuts are only the precursors of very much worse conditions which are going to come."

Mr. Lyttelton said he believed that with tariff barriers down, and with the help of the United States Government, it might be possible to increase British exports to the United States by £40,000,000 or £50,000,000.

Mr. Clement Davies, leader of the Liberals, urged the "freezing" of war debts "which we incurred when bleeding ourselves white for every nation in the world".

Mr. Richard Stokes, Labour,

the long-term problem for which we must try to find a solution with our American and Canadian friends, and with others too, is to secure a stable relationship between the Sterling and dollar areas without losing the maximum degree of exchange of commodities while preserving to each country concerned the right to decide its own internal economic balance.

"We are prepared and anxious to make our contribution to such a solution, but that solution must be sought upon the basis of continuing full employment in each individual country.

"It is the search for this long-term solution which started so auspiciously at our meeting last week with the United States and Canadian representatives.

"The really important result of the discussions with Mr. Snyder and Mr. Abbott was that our three Governments were in complete agreement that the problems before us could not be solved by any easy improvisation.

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UK INDUSTRY GIVEN SHOCK

London, July 14.—The 25 per cent cut in Britain's imports from the dollar area announced by Sir Stafford Cripps today will undoubtedly come as a shock, particularly to industry.

It may prove a salutary shock but its effects should not be minimised. If Britain had been able, without ill effects, to cut out £100,000,000 worth of dollar supplies she would have done it before this.

Dollar shortage is no new discovery. The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Stafford Cripps, himself described the cuts as a "thoroughly evil necessity."

This effect will be aggravated by the Chancellor's incidental remark that Britain and other parts of the Sterling Area will have to send more goods to dollar markets, at the expense of Sterling countries including Britain herself. Thus supplies for Britain will be doubly reduced, both by cuts in dollar supplies and by the diversion of more essential Sterling supplies to dollar markets.

Unfortunately, these severe measures cannot in themselves have much immediate or remedial effect on the problem. The Chancellor specifically refused to describe them as remedies. Dollar cuts of £100,000,000 a year still leave a very large gap. For the current quarter the cuts can hardly become effective at all, and the Chancellor warned that there would be a further loss of reserves during the quarter.

Sir Stafford seemed concerned to hold a balance between alarming and lulling the country. He expressed relief that the country had avoided a disabling sense of crisis. On the other hand, he used almost unprecedented strong language in saying that "unless that maximum restraint is shown in these matters by all sections of the community, we shall indubitably find ourselves unable to surmount our difficulties."

The rearrangements in British food rations announced today will reduce Britain's dollar expenditures on food imports to below the pre-war level.

For the financial year 1948-50 food imports from dollar sources, it is estimated, will be only 12 per cent of the total food purchases abroad, compared with 25 per cent in 1947-48 and 18 per cent in the years 1934 to 1939.

Dollar expenditures on food have been almost halved in the last few years. The programme for 1949-50 still under discussion, will, it is understood, be well below \$600,000,000, compared with \$800,000,000 in 1946-47.

He mentioned that a complete solution cannot be expected even at the Washington conference in September. It might take months longer than that, he said.

Below Pre-War Level

These dollar import cuts for the coming 12 months are from

said he did not propose that Britain should default, but he would "send a bill to India, Iraq and Egypt with a full account of the blocked Sterling."

"I would ask them to put a two-pence stamp on it and call it a day for saving the Indians from the Japanese, Iraq from Communists and Egypt from Rommel."

"We are being 'milked' by the people we saved because of these unrequired exports and the Sterling balances."

In the course of winding up the first day's debate, Mr. Harold Wilson, President of the Board of Trade, said he had to report the liberty of the peoples of the world. Their achievement will establish our victory and will ensure the freedom and happiness of future generations," Sir Stafford concluded.

Mr. Oliver Lyttelton, wartime Minister of Production and chief Opposition speaker, said, "These cuts are only the precursors of very much worse conditions which are going to come."

Mr. Lyttelton said he believed that with tariff barriers down, and with the help of the United States Government, it might be possible to increase British exports to the United States by £40,000,000 or £50,000,000.

Mr. Clement Davies, leader of the Liberals, urged the "freezing" of war debts "which we incurred when bleeding ourselves white for every nation in the world".

Mr. Richard Stokes, Labour,

the long-term problem for which we must try to find a solution with our American and Canadian friends, and with others too, is to secure a stable relationship between the Sterling and dollar areas without losing the maximum degree of exchange of commodities while preserving to each country concerned the right to decide its own internal economic balance.

"We are prepared and anxious to make our contribution to such a solution, but that solution must be sought upon the basis of continuing full employment in each individual country.

"It is the search for this long-term solution which started so auspiciously at our meeting last week with the United States and Canadian representatives.

"The really important result of the discussions with Mr. Snyder and Mr. Abbott was that our three Governments were in complete agreement that the problems before us could not be solved by any easy improvisation.

It is prudent to insure rather than to take a chance it will never happen to you.

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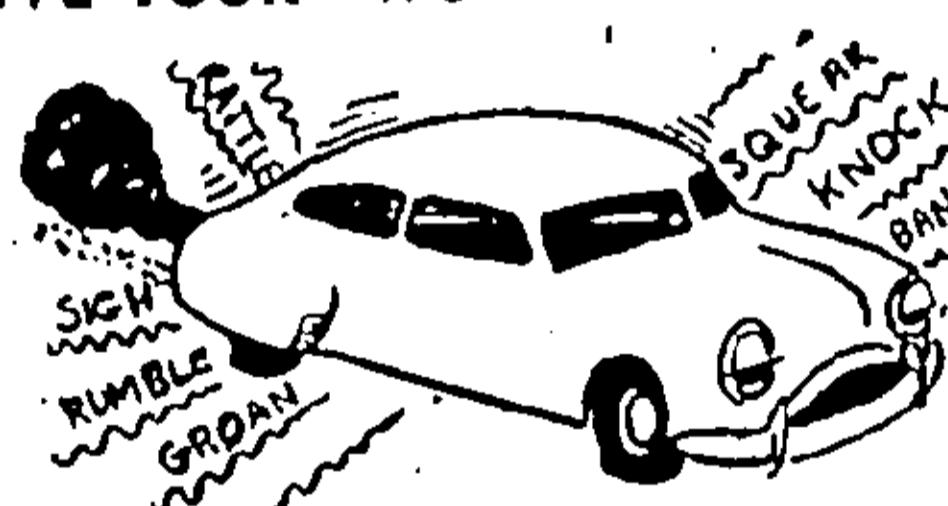
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MOTORING NEWS AND VIEWS

Lack Of Capital For New Cars

A SHORTAGE of investment capital for the U.S. motor industry is preventing new motor manufacturers from achieving even the most modest production plans, according to the New York "Journal of Commerce."

More than 25 companies have announced plans for building new cars since the war, most of them for the \$1,000 dollar (£250) market, it says, but no firm note of these models is available.

The paper gives the example of the Playboy Motor Car Corporation, which planned to build 12,000 annual cars to retail at \$900 in its first year of production.

It originally offered 20,000,000 shares at \$1 dollar each, but had to withdraw this offer. Now it is trying to raise a modest \$3,000,000 (about £750,000) for re-tooling.

The Keller Motor Corporation has already sent samples of its new model to about half its retailers and is hoping to begin retail deliveries early this summer. This depends, however, on an issue of 5,000,000 ordinary shares, shortly to be offered to the public.

The Davis Motor Car Corporation, a California firm, has spent five years trying to introduce its \$1,000 three-wheeler and has now modified its plans, so that the car will be available only on the Pacific Coast.

Another California firm, the International Motor Car Co., has yet to put on the market its "Town Shopper," first announced in 1947.

HYDRAMATIC FOR LINCOLN

After a long period of experimental work on new transmissions of their own incorporating hydraulic torque converters, it is reported by Automotive Industries that Lincoln and Mercury will shortly be offering the General Motors Hydramatic transmission as an optional extra.

AN INN WITHIN

One of the unusual features of the Chateau Impney, a new hotel which was opened on April 3 at Droitwich Spa, is an inn in other words, two rooms of the chateau, which are out of character with the French-inspired elegance of the building as a whole, have been made into the Corbett tavern, with its own entrance.

COSTLY SAFETY

London authorities have protested at the high cost of hiring safety displays from the Royal Society for the Prevention of Accidents, but the Minister of Transport has said that charges were designed only to cover costs, and that investigation had shown that the Society's business was handled in an efficient way.



Restrained and yet not dated in its appearance, the Riley has impressive and well-balanced proportions. The roof, which has no sliding section, is covered in a grained plastic material.

Riley Model Has Made Great Name For Itself

Since it was introduced in 1946 the 2½-litre Riley has been establishing a great name for its performance and handling qualities.

From the outset it was apparent that with its high-output 2½-litre four-cylinder engine, designed for efficiency on lines which Riley's have so well understood for many years, this car provided with roomy saloon comfort one of the very highest all-round performances available in any car of the present time.

If one additionally considers the fact that the list price in Great Britain is under £1,000, it is probably true that in this fine example of British specialist car is offered the highest performance available today at the price at which it sells.

When it was introduced the present range of Rileys looked modern, yet without a hint of extremist tendencies; today, when styling, sometimes in exaggerated forms, has come very much to the fore, these cars still do not look dated, and the discerning type of motorist appreciates the clean-cut, unequivocal lines.

In the more recent examples of the model improvements have been incorporated in the natural course of evolution—still more power has been extracted from the very willing twin camshaft engine, yet it has been made smoother and more tractable at the lower end of the speed range; in the course of development braking has been improved in keeping with the needs of so very fast a car, and, still more recently, a number of bodywork refinements have been incorporated.

Within the limitations imposed by British roads and traffic conditions, some very hard driving has been put in on this 2½-litre, yet never did the engine water thermometer exceed a reading of 70 deg C, and never did the oil pressure show a falling off.

A full-flow pressure oil filter in the engine lubrication system and 14 pints of oil in the sump help to inspire confidence when high speeds are being maintained.

British roads cramp this car, but certainly it can make the very best use of them, as witnessed by average speed performances recorded, examples being 63 miles in one hour, 64 miles in another, and 66.6 miles in yet another, the last forming part of a run over an admittedly selected favourable route during which 74.5 miles were covered in 77 minutes, and 102 miles in two hours exactly.

Opportunity did not present of seeing a speedometer reading higher than 90, on a stretch of road on which the car did not have a completely clear run, and where it was still accelerating when the brakes had to be used.

The instrument had an appreciable optimism at the higher rates, but certainly the reading quoted means a figure genuinely exceeding 90 m.p.h.

Such average speed recordings as have been mentioned were obtained when, frankly, the driver was trying. Another almost as impressive part of the performance is the way in which hour readings of 45 and 46 miles can be put up without exceeding, say, 70 m.p.h.—results which are usually considered creditable.

All Comfort
With the Riley, to average 60 in the hour is almost a commonplace

and only mileage beyond that figure assumes special interest. Such is its calibre.

From the comfort point of view the suspension is extremely effective and a remarkably good back seat ride is given, it being very noticeable that there is no tendency for passengers to be thrown sideways when bends are being taken at the speeds the car's rock-steady stability invites.

The driving position is a good one in that the big spring-spoked steering wheel is a position for full power of control; indeed, it would be surprising and disturbing if it were otherwise on such a car.

The wheel is slightly offset to the left and is telescopically adjustable on the column. One's left leg is not as comfortable as it could be, although improvement has been made in this direction, partially meeting a long-standing criticism of a very good car.

Driving vision is virtually perfect, and the now all but unique complete view afforded by both front wings helps enormously to give confidence.

Full Pressure
With many excellent Rileys of the past clearly in mind one expects this car to have an engine which can be given the hardest work without flagging, and once again in the present test has this been shown to be so.

Within the limitations imposed by British roads and traffic conditions, some very hard driving has been put in on this 2½-litre, yet never did the engine water thermometer exceed a reading of 70 deg C, and never did the oil pressure show a falling off.

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DOLLAR SHORTAGE PROBLEM SHELVED TILL SEPTEMBER

London, July 14.

Major proposals to solve the world shortage of dollars and bring about a better equilibrium in the world economy will have to wait till September, it became clear today from Commonwealth circles.

Following the Snyder-Cripps statement of last week, consultations between the United States, Britain and Canada, the three dollar countries, will be resumed in Washington in September, side by side with the meeting of the International Monetary Fund.

Most of the Commonwealth countries are represented on the International Monetary Fund—New Zealand and Ceylon are not yet members, and Pakistan's application for admission is pending—and it is presumed that the Commonwealth experts will be available in Washington for putting their heads together to work out common solutions.

It seems to be definite that any question of currency devaluation will not be decided by Britain or other countries in the interval. Devaluation is not accepted as a long-term or sole solution to correct the present economic ills of the world.

Devaluation, if it comes at all, is bound to be manifold in its effects and it will be the function of the IMF to decide how far any currency needs writing down and to what extent in relation to others.

The Fund will also have to consider whether, and to what extent, there are internal economic maladjustments in the various countries caught in the trammels of the present gold-dollar crisis.

Devaluation, in Britain as well as in other countries, including



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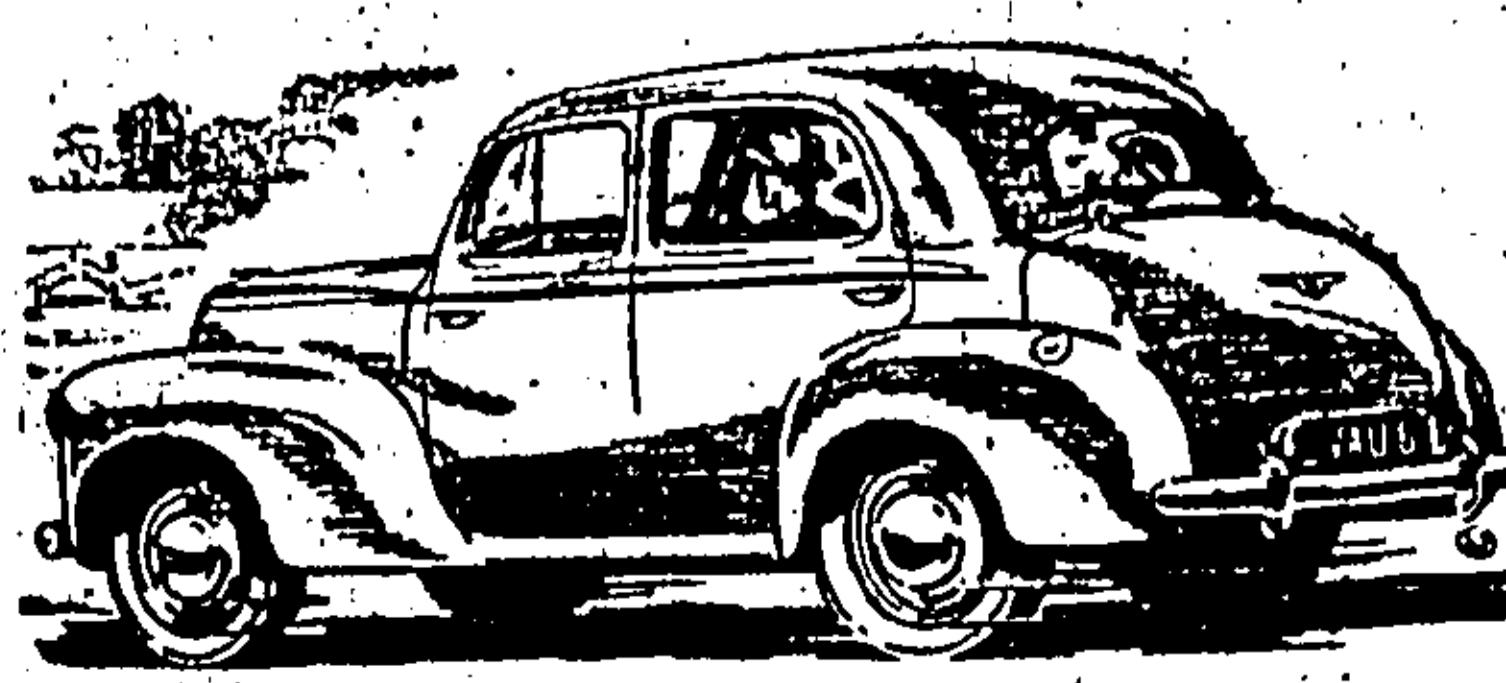
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DON IDDON'S DIARY

It seems to be inevitable that Britain will certainly try to pass on some of these dollar cuts to the other members of the Sterling Area, whose banker she is. But how far each country can, or will, accept belt-tightening in the matter of dollars can be seen only when individual sterling talks are resumed.

In the general discussions following Sir Stafford-Cripps' statement at the conference yesterday, Dr. John Mathai, the Indian Finance Minister, made one of the ablest analysis of the world economic situation. It was learned today.

According to one Dominion source, his speech helped the conference to see the situation not only from the individual point of view of each country but as a complete picture.

The collective discussions of the Ministers may not extend beyond July 18, according to one source today.

The Commonwealth Finance Ministers, in their secret talks today, discussed ways of saving dollars on oil and the possibilities of United States overseas investment in the Sterling Area.

Petrol Cost

When the Finance Ministers met for the second day, Mr. Hugh Gaitskell, the British Fuel Minister, opened a general discussion on oil and the bearing on the sterling-dollar deadlock.

Imports of petroleum products and refining machinery into Commonwealth countries from hard currency areas are believed to have been included in the discussion on oil.

All delegates took part in the discussion. They were confronted by the fact that the yearly cost of Sterling Area petrol is well in excess of £100,000,000 or \$400,000,000.

Although the output of the British oil companies is much greater than consumption in the United Kingdom, the oil industry makes at present the largest single claim on dollar expenditure.

Plans to reduce this dollar drain by the development of refining capacity in the Commonwealth and the United Kingdom—already projected by Britain—are being considered by the conference.

These plans will stabilise the establishment of a £125,000,000 industry in Britain covering seven new refineries or major extensions. Work has already begun on three of them.

Britain is also considerably increasing the refining capacity owned by British companies outside the United Kingdom.

In conjunction with American companies, British companies have plans for building pipe-lines to carry crude oil from the Persian Gulf to the Mediterranean coast.

From these aspects, the Commonwealth Finance Minister's conference here has helped to see the picture of the whole Sterling Area clearer in its relation to each other within the area and to the dollar bloc. In that sense, the present conference can be considered a "study group," designed to help each country to appreciate its own position in relation to others, and to prepare its case for the September talks in the light of all available facts emerging out of the conference.

One short-term decision taken by the conference is that it is vital to cut down dollar spending.

U.K. Example

Britain has set the example by announcing a cut £100,000,000 in dollar spending in 1949-50. It is generally expected that oil is one of the dollar commodities to be affected.

Mr. Gaitskell, it is understood, gave the conference today a full interpretation of the complex problems of world oil finance and its bearing on the Sterling Area economy.—Reuter.

ITALIAN QUAKE

Rome, July 14.

Despatches from Foggia in South East Italy said the Foglia Observatory registered an earth

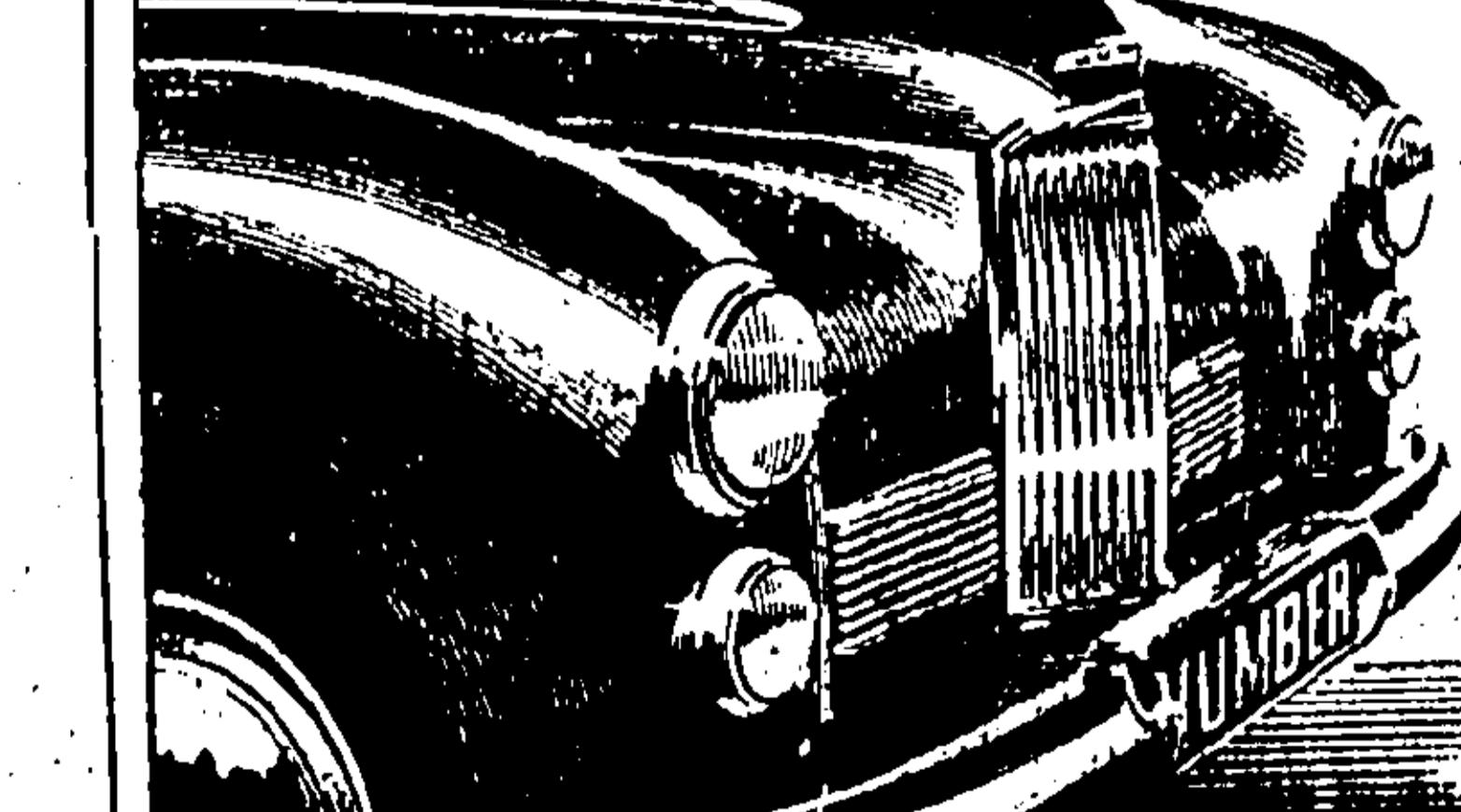
quake at noon today with its centre from 250 to 325 miles away to the South East.—Associated Press.

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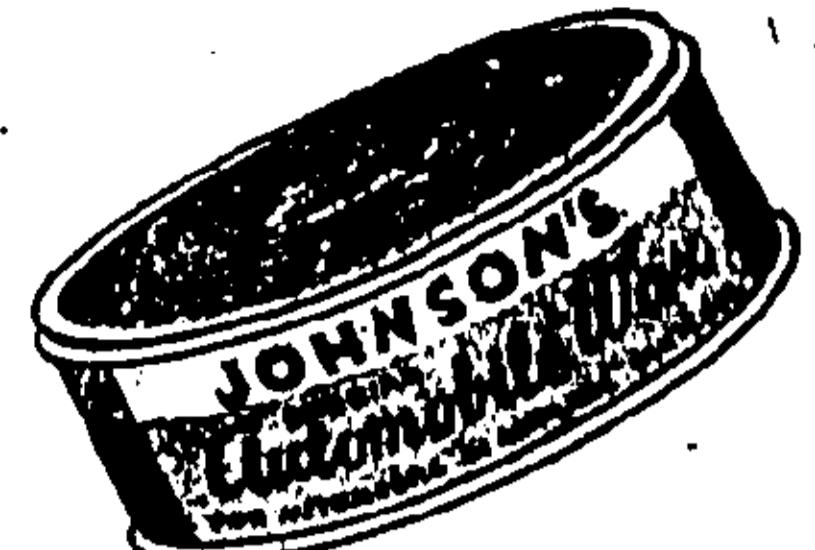
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67. QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL,

HONG KONG.

Commonwealth Federation—with almost brutal vigour at the polls, Canadians have little time for the United Kingdom variety. Socialism in Britain seems to have meant one internal call for help after another for Canada.

Now people are not saying these things to me as impolitely as I am putting them down, but the feeling is there, the meaning implicit.

Canada just now is prosperous. It thrives. But Canadian trade with the United States shows the biggest deficit since emergency restrictions were imposed in November 1947 to buttress dwindling exchange reserves.

There is a £6,000,000-dollar gap between imports from, and exports to, the United States. So, despite booming trade, the absence of unemployment, brisk business everywhere in the Dominion, Canada too has its dollar headache.

Rose And Cream

into this archaic stronghold a weird cocktail lounge has been thrust. This is called the Jasper Lounge. It is painted in rose pink and cream and has indirect lighting. The chairs are in maroon or champagne leather.

There are mirrors, statuettes, gold curtains, green carpets, a huge, startlingly white loving-up in the centre, and regimental crests on the bar itself.

The tourists love the place. Personally, I am overwhelmed.

Some of the smartest people in Ottawa are the waiters in the Jasper Lounge. The customers seem less well groomed, are often untidy. However, men in shirt-sleeves are turned away.

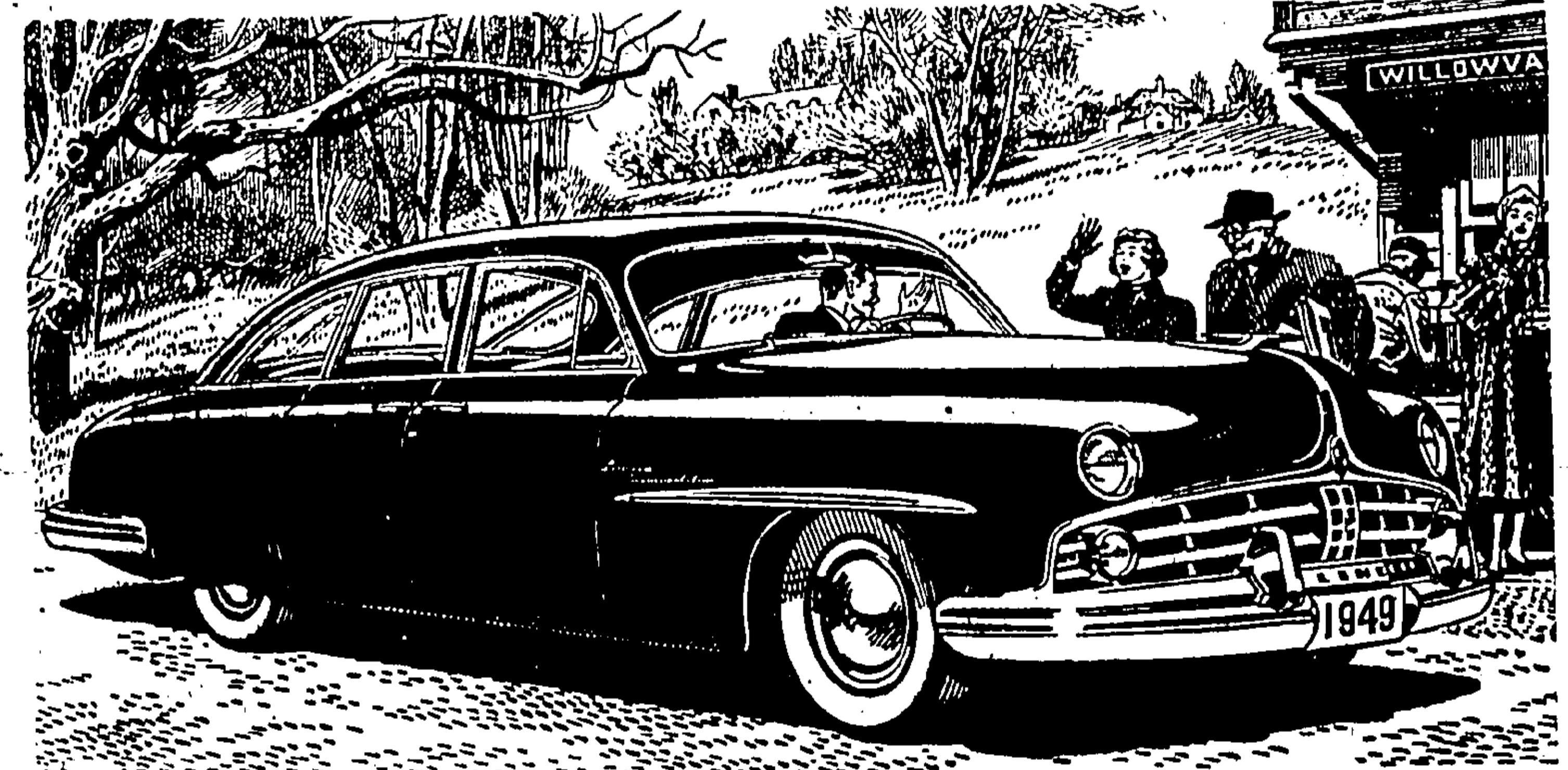
The New Look does not seem to have made much headway in Ottawa. I find most of the women neatly dressed, but some of them drab.

Best social event I've attended was a cocktail party given by John Bird of the famous Southern family. Here were Defence Minister Charkow, a group of Embassy people, publishers, newspapermen, and Government officials. And the women were beautifully dressed.

One thing the people of Ottawa should do, and that is apologise for the capital. One Canadian after another keeps taking me aside.

"Pretty dull after New York, eh! The place is a village—by-town we call it. Sleepy, full of

(Continued On Page 10)

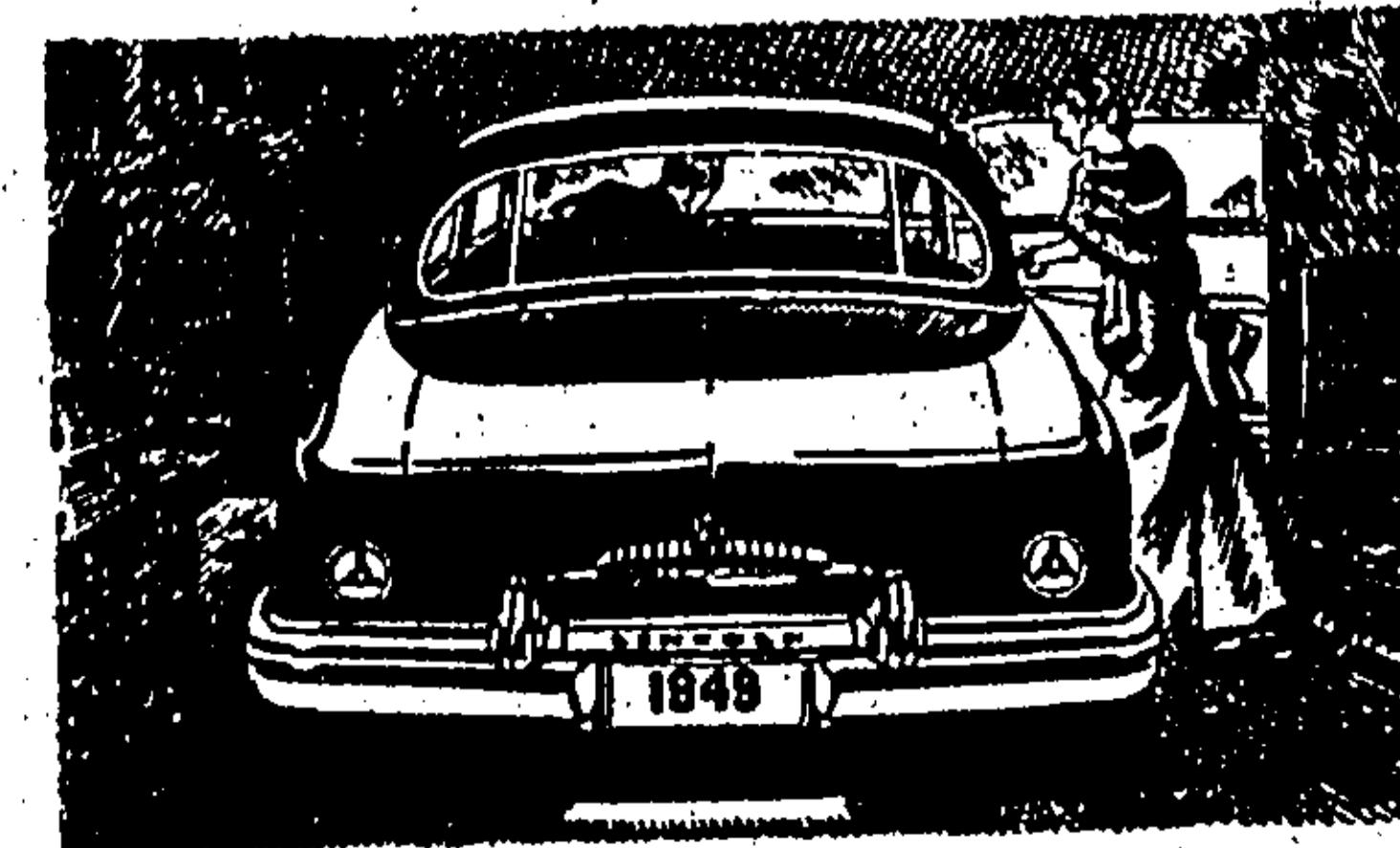


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SHIPS QUEUE OFF THAMES: NEW U.S. POLICY DOCK STRIKE'S EXTENSION ON CHINA SOON

Washington, July 14.

Two important developments in U. S. relations with China were forecast today by State Department officials. Together, those developments indicate that a new China policy will emerge soon.

First, a white paper on American-Chinese relations, to include the long secret report of Lieutenant-General Albert C. Wedemeyer, is expected to be published within two weeks, a State Department spokesman said.

"White Paper" will place the burden of blame for failure of the anti-Communist struggle in China on the Chinese Nationalist Government under Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek.

That has been the Administration's position in the past and there is no evidence that it has changed.

How the famous report of General Wedemeyer fits into the picture is not yet clear. He made a survey of the Chinese situation for President Truman two years ago.

Some reports said he advocated a new programme of aid to China but other reports said he criticized severely some of the men around Generalissimo Chiang.

The new disclosures appear to indicate, therefore, that the Administration is getting ready:

1. To tell for the first time the full documented story of the failure to block Communism in China, and then,

2. To bring out a new policy for dealing with China and the Far East in the light of Communist successes.

Chiang Blamed

Speculation among responsible informants is that the

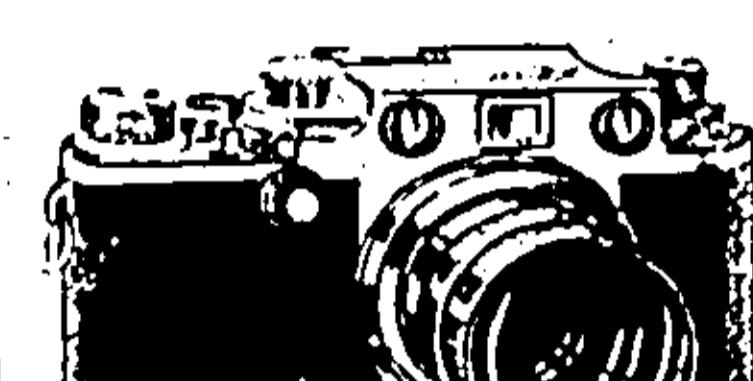
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London, July 14.
Ships carrying food cargoes to Britain began to queue up in the Thames Estuary today at 4,500 tons sweated to discharge some of the 142 vessels now congesting the strike-stricken Port of London. Nine ships are reported to be waiting at the mouth of the River.

As the troops—doubled in number since yesterday—worked on 46 ships, more waterfront workers left their jobs and by tonight the number of idle dockers reached 14,289.

The gradual drift from work since the Government introduced emergency regulations to control the Port from Monday midnight continued. Two hundred and forty more men failed to report this morning, and 85 more this afternoon.

Fresh moves to break the deadlock in the Port stopped were under way tonight. After two days of conferences with the Canadian High Commissioner in London, Mr. Dania Wilgrest, and the leaders of the striking Canadian seamen, the Joint Executives of the Stevedores and Lightermen's Unions were tonight believed to have asked for a meeting with the Canadian shipping owners involved in the original dispute which led to the London stoppage.

The leaders of the Stevedores and Lightermen's Unions, whose members make up the bulk of the 14,000 Port workers now idle in the Port of London, have been trying to weigh the merits of the Canadian seamen's case against the employers.

A joint statement from the two Union Executives tonight said that they had instructed their officials "to explore all avenues to effect a settlement of the whole dispute."

Although the Union officials refused to enlarge on this statement, it was thought that they were not yet satisfied that they had all the information about the agreement reached by the Canadian seamen and the shipowners through the mediation of the Canadian High Commissioner a fortnight ago.

The seamen claim that this agreement was not kept.

No Response

A member of the Canadian Seamen's Union strike committee said tonight: "We will be very glad to see a settlement effected and we will cooperate with the Union. We have been stressing all the time that the strike will end if the shipowners negotiate."

A report on the present Union trials will be given to dockers at a mass meeting tomorrow.

The dockers today maintained their refusal to work the two Canadian ships which caused the strike, a point insisted on by

denied again that his union was controlled by Communists.

Mr. Davis said that his Union had no political affiliations and asserted that Canadian and United States longshoremen belonging to unions associated with the Congress of Industrial Organizations were boycotting Canadian ships.

(Government and trade union spokesman here have told the London dockers that American longshoremen are all working normally.)

Alleged Libel

Mr. Joe MacNeil, a member of the Canadian Seamen's Union, was accused by Mr. R. J. Mellish, Labour Member of Parliament last night of being a "Communist paid agent," today made a denial and challenged Mr. Mellish to repeat the statement outside Parliament, so that he could be sued for libel.

Mr. Mellish later commented to press representatives that he had no doubt that the information he possessed would also be passed to trade union leaders.

Workers at the pressed steel works of the great Nuffield Motor Corporation supported the dockers in their refusal to work black ships. Soon after, the Society of Motor Manufacturers' and Traders said that the pile-up of cars, trucks and tractors was increasing hourly and might soon affect production. About 5,000 export vehicles normally pass through the Port of London every week.

The Ministry of Transport an-

nounced today that large numbers of additional Service personnel will be on hand tomorrow to step up work in the Port of London.

The five-man Emergency Committee set up by the Government visited the docks today to review the arrangements for the allocation of troops to idle ships and priorities for the unloading of cargoes.

Plans were being made for the extension of work in the Port, the official announcement said.

After that, information may be forthcoming on what we are going to do in the future about China," he added.

Other informants said the Truman Administration has been working intensively on plans for dealing with the spread of Communism in China and the threat of Communism in the Far East generally. This work is being done through the National Security Council which includes with the Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, and the Defence Secretary, Mr. Louis Johnson.

The new disclosures appear to indicate, therefore, that the Administration is getting ready:

1. To tell for the first time the full documented story of the failure to block Communism in China, and then,

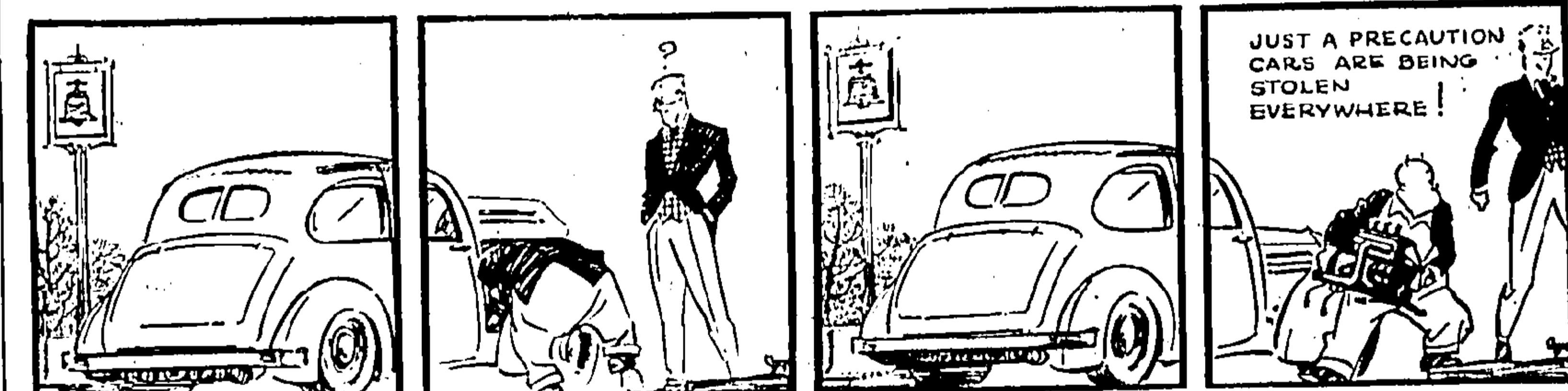
2. To bring out a new policy for dealing with China and the Far East in the light of Communist successes.

Chiang Blamed

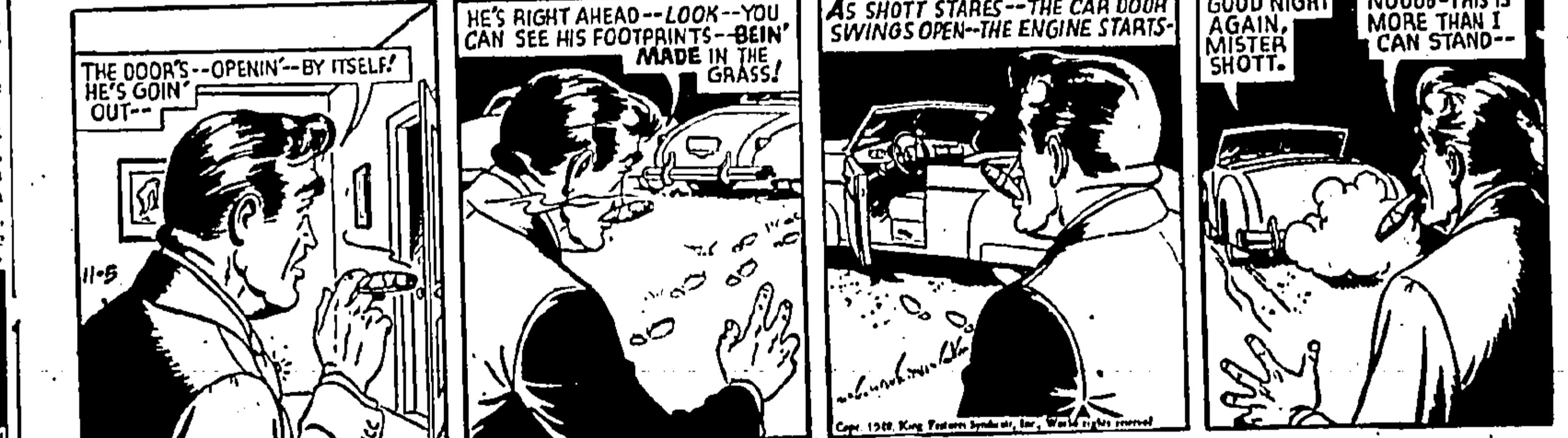
Speculation among responsible informants is that the

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POP



MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN



By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

JUST A PRECAUTION
CARS ARE BEING
STOLEN
EVERYWHERE!



By ALEX RAYMOND

THIS IS MADNESS! WE
CAN'T GO THROUGH
WITH IT! I WILL
STOP HIM!



By FRANK ROBBINS

THAT'S BEEN
BOTHERING ME TOO,
FERN! THE PROFESSOR
HAS A WAY OF INTERRUPTING
WE'RE GOING TO
HAVE TO PUT HIM TO
REST COMPLETELY,
FOR WE GO MUCH
FURTHER!



I LIVED IN THE
SHADOW OF HIS
INTELLECT, EVEN
NOW I SOMETIMES
FEEL HE'S WATCHING
AND CRITICIZING!

GOSH!—PRESS
PHOTOGRAPHERS—
TAKING PICTURES
OF FRITZ!

HE'S JANE!
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MIST?

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JANE

OH DEAR, I
CAN'T GET INTO
THE COURT LIKE
THIS!

I MUST GET
ANSTRUTHER TO
RUN ME HOME
TO CHANGE MY
SUIT!

GOSH!—PRESS
PHOTOGRAPHERS—
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OF FRITZ!

HE'S JANE!
THIS YOUR PUP,
MIST?

HOLD IT!



CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO

"TSINAN"	Swatow	5 p.m. 16th July
"SHENGKING"	Swatow	6 p.m. 17th July
"PAKHOU"	Amyo, Kobe, Nagoya & Yokohama	11 a.m. 19th July
"SHENGKING"	Bangkok	6 p.m. 19th July
"PRODUCE"	Singapore, Madras, Bourbaya & Batavia	24th July
"FUKIEN"	Saihan	26th July
"KWEIYANG"	Saihan	2nd Aug.

ARRIVALS FROM

"PAKHOU"	Bangkok	noon 16th July
"SHENGKING"	Swatow	8 a.m. 19th July
"TSINAN"	Swatow	10 a.m. 19/20th July
"PRODUCE"	Kobe & Keeling	20/21st July
"NEWCHWANG"	Bangkok	21st July
"FUKIEN"	Kobe	23rd July

RIVER SERVICE

"WUSUEH"	Hongkong/Canton Dent, Hongkong	Canton/Hongkong Arr. Hongkong Daylight
	Midnight	20th & 23rd July
"WUSUEH"	Hongkong/Macao Dent, Hongkong	Macao/Hongkong Arr. Hongkong 5.45 p.m. 17th July

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Non Schedule Sailing to Europe		17th July
Liverpool	& Glasgow	
Schedule Sailing to Europe via Aden, Port Said.		
"ANTILOCHUS"	Genoa, Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	26th July
"AUTOLYCUS"	Tangier, Casablanca, Havre & Liverpool	9th Aug.
"CLYTONEUS"	Genoa, Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	26th Aug.
ARRIVALS FROM UK via Straits	10th July	
"AUTOLYCUS"	UK via Straits & Manila	1st Aug.
"CLYTONEUS"	UK via Straits & Manila	6th Aug.
"MARON"	UK via Straits & Manila	14th Aug.
"ASTYANAX"	UK via Straits & Manila	31st Aug.

NEW YORK SERVICE

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AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE LTD.

SAILINGS TO		
"CHANGTE"	Kure, Kobe & Yokohama	7 a.m. 29th July
"CHANGTE"	Sydney	13th Aug.
ARRIVALS FROM		
"CHANGTE"	Australia	11 a.m. 10th July

All the above subject to alteration without notice.

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H.K.T.

12.30 p.m. "Hong Kong Calling".
12.32 p.m. -Light Variety.
12.34 p.m. -Stephane Granelli and His Musicians.
12.35 p.m. -News, Weather Report and Announcements.
12.37 p.m. -Light Orchestral Selections Richard Tauber (Guest Artist).
2.00 p.m. Close Down.
6.00 p.m. "Hong Kong Calling".
6.00 p.m. "Other Events", Linda Fisher calling Admiralty Civilian Officers Mess (Studio).

7.00 p.m. -Orchestra Favourites.

7.30 p.m. "Heathen Pictures" -Programme from Southeast CHITOS

8.00 p.m. World News and News Analysis (London Relay).

8.15 p.m. "Saturday Round-Up" (Studio).

8.30 p.m. "The Adventures of PC4A" -A Comedy Thrill by Alan Stevens.

8.30 p.m. "The Case of the Million Dollar Baby" (CHITOS).

9.00 p.m. "From the Editorials" (London Relay).

9.15 p.m. -Radio News, Real London Relay.

10.30 p.m. "Cobber" and "Duffy" (News).

11.15 p.m. -Weather Report and Summary of News.

11.20 p.m. Close Down.

12.00 a.m. Up With the Sun.

12.15 a.m. Setting Up Exercises.

12.30 a.m. Musical Clock.

12.45 a.m. The Ed A. Keller Program.

1.00 a.m. News and Weather Forecast.

1.15 a.m. Good Morning Olympic Motors Show.

1.30 a.m. Good Morning.

1.45 a.m. Saturday's Music.

1.50 a.m. Morning Melody.

1.55 a.m. Music For All.

2.10 a.m. Strike Up The Band.

2.25 a.m. The Week Was.

2.40 a.m. Interval Signal.

2.55 a.m. Dance Music.

3.10 a.m. News.

3.20 a.m. The Week's Computer.

3.30 a.m. Variety Calls The Tune.

3.45 a.m. Tropicals.

3.55 a.m. Vocalise Yours.

4.00 a.m. Music Makers.

4.15 a.m. Singing Hall Varieties.

4.30 a.m. Interval Signal.

4.45 a.m. Past Reminisces.

4.55 a.m. Down Harmony Lane.

5.10 a.m. At The Opera (H.A.T.).

5.15 a.m. The Waltz Lives On.

5.30 a.m. BBC News.

5.45 a.m. The Nestle's Programme.

6.00 a.m. The Superfolks Sports Round.

6.15 a.m. Doctor Times-Harry James.

6.20 a.m. Various Lovers.

6.25 a.m. Rutherford Concert Hall.

6.30 a.m. BBC World News.

6.45 a.m. Local News.

6.55 a.m. Strings and Chorus.

7.10 a.m. Culture and Dance Music.

7.15 a.m. Date With Dreamland.

7.30 a.m. Close Down.

8.00 a.m. Up With the Sun.

8.15 a.m. Setting Up Exercises.

8.30 a.m. Musical Clock.

8.45 a.m. The Ed A. Keller Program.

9.00 a.m. News and Weather Forecast.

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7.40 a.m.

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"TISSADANE" 18th August

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SAILINGS ARRIVALS

"TIJJAENGKA" 18th July
"RUYS" 19th July
"TIKAMPEK" 26th July
"TASMAN" 2nd August
"TIJBADAK" 4th August

SINGAPORE, PENANG and BELAWAN DELI
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"VAN RIEMSDIJK" 1st August
"VAN DEUTZ" 10th August

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"RUYS" 10th Aug.
"TIJBADAK" 7th Sept.
"STRAAT MALAKKA" 5th Oct.

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JAPAN
SAILINGS ARRIVALS

"RUYS" 18th July
"TIKAMPEK" 17th July

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SAILINGS ARRIVALS

"AMSTELDIJK" End July
"RIJNDAEL" End Aug.
"MARIEKERK" End Sept.

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JAPAN
SAILINGS ARRIVALS

"AMSTELDIJK" End July

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m.v. "BENARES" Early Sept.

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m.v. "DONA NATH" (calls Japan) 17th July

m.v. "DONA ANICETA" (calls Japan) Mid Aug.

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"BENREICH" Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin, Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg & Hull
"BENVORLICH" Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin, Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg & Hull
"BENBALACH" Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin, Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg & Hull
"BENCRAUCHAN" Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin, Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg & Hull
"BENNEVIS" Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin, Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg & Hull
"BENNACDHUI" Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin, Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg & Hull

Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin, Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg & Hull

"BENDORAN" Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin, Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg & Hull

"BENREICH" Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin, Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg & Hull

"BENVORLICH" Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin, Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg & Hull

"BENCLUECH" Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin, Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg & Hull

"BENBALACH" Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin, Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg & Hull

"BENCRAUCHAN" Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin, Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg & Hull

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FINANCE AND COMMERCE

CEYLON REDUCTION OF TAXES, DUTIES

Colombo, July 14.
The Finance Minister, Mr. J. R. Jayawardene, presenting the third budget to Ceylon's House of Representatives today, announced reduced Customs duties on a wide variety of articles, reduced income-tax in the lower bracket incomes, and reduced taxes on certain classes of building plant and machinery.

Mr. Jayawardene said a forecast of the balance of payments for 1949 shows an adverse balance of 190,000,000 rupees mainly because of the high cost and large volume of imports, and the lower prices paid for exports.

Such a large deficit means that Ceylon is drawing on its external assets at the rate of 20 per cent, Mr. Jayawardene said. Measures to control imports and exchange necessary to reduce the gap have become imminent, he added.

Dealing with exchange control, Mr. Jayawardene referred to charges that Ceylon is discriminating against Indians and said that the main qualification required of a resident of Ceylon who wishes to send remittances to dependents is that he should be a temporary and not permanent resident.

Of remittances to India, he said that Ceylon can at present afford such a large drain on his finances.

Of foreign affairs he said: "Our bonds of friendship with India and Pakistan, as co-partners in the Commonwealth, will, I hope, be strengthened."

Dealing with foreign capital, Mr. Jayawardene said although the Government intends to raise a large local loan of 400,000,000 rupees, there is no doubt that Ceylon needs a large amount of foreign capital for investment in productive development.

The major interest in ownership and effective control of any undertaking should be in Ceylonese hands, he added.

To Encourage Production

In the coming year present taxation would be sufficient to meet these needs.

To encourage maximum production he proposed to grant a reduction of 15 per cent of the cost of plant machinery fixtures purchased after April 1, 1949.

A reduction of 33-1/3 per cent would be granted in the case of buildings for labourers and 10 per cent in the case of other buildings.

Mr. Jayawardene said that Ceylon has now reached a stable position with no further fear of inflation. The tendency, on the contrary, is towards a distinct decline in prices and the Government's duty is to aid that process. He has, therefore, decided to reduce considerably import duties on certain selected groups of articles.

Tax on incomes in the primary levels will be reduced from one and one half per cent to one per cent. The betting tax will be increased from three and one half per cent to 10 per cent in keeping with the high rates levied in the principal racing centres of India.—Reuter.

NY COTTON

New York, July 15.

Cotton futures were steady in moderately active trading. Closed at \$125 a bale higher to 15 cents lower.

October 20.01-03,

December 23.49,

March 24.41 bid.

May 26.00-31.

July 20.75-78.

October 28.50.

Middling Spot 33.25 nominal.

—Associated Press.

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ARRIVALS FROM

OWENDO	Europe	19th July
OYONNAX	Europe	29th July
CHAMPIOLIN	Marseilles	29th July

SAILING TO

SANRICARDO	Hai Phong	20th July
OWENDO	Saigon	21st July
DR. YERSIN	Hai Phong	22nd July
LEZARDIEUX	Hai Phong, Tourane, Saigon	23rd July
OYONNAX	Japan	30th July
CHAMPIOLIN	Marseilles via Manila	30th July
OYONNAX	North Africa & Europe	mid. August

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ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE

M.V. MINDORO	Sails for Kobe & Yokohama	3rd Aug.
M.V. TRAVANCORE		4th Aug.
F.B. BENGAL		17th July
M.V. MINDORO		20th Aug.

SAILINGS TO EUROPE

ADEN, PORT SAID, GENOA, MARSELLES,	CASABLANCA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM (AMSTERDAM)	17th July
HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN, OSLO, GOTHENBURG	& GDYNIA	
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S.S. "STEEL VENDOR"	3rd August
Sails for Saigon, Bangkok & Batavia	4th August
S.S. "STEEL AGE"	1st September
Sails for Saigon, Bangkok & Batavia	2nd September

SAILINGS TO U.S.A. via PANAMA

U.S. "QUEEN'S VICTORY"	17th July
U.S. "MERRIDITH VICTORY"	18th August
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NEXT SAILINGS

M.S. "TREIN MAERSK" July 19

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M.S. "MARCHEN MAERSK" Aug. 15

Special Tanks available for the carriage of oil in bulk.

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M.S. "SALLY MAERSK" July 22

M.S. "ARNOLD MAERSK" Aug. 2

M.S. "GRETE MAERSK" Aug. 17

For Knight and Further Particulars please apply to

JENSEN & CO.

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Tel. 20651.

AIR AND SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

Shipping Arrivals

YESTERDAY

Hai Phong (U.S.A.) British, 1,490 tons, ex-Alantic Coast, Capt. J. W. Marshall, 1st Aug.

Hai Wong (China) Norwegian, 1,067 tons, ex-Lindesnes, 1,024 tons, Capt. E. Dent (Dowdell) ex-Alantic Coast, 1st Aug.

Haiyan (U.S.A.) British, 1,024 tons, ex-Canton, Capt. J. McKinley, 1st Aug.

Hausen (U.S.A.) British, 2,002 tons, ex-Sweden, Capt. K. Day, 1st Aug.

Hausen (U.S.A.) Norwegian, 1,775 tons, ex-Hamburg, Capt. K. Day, 1st Aug.

Hausen (U.S.A.) British, 1,775 tons, ex-Hamburg, Capt. K. Day, 1st Aug.

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Hausen (U.S.A.) British, 1,775 tons, ex-Hamburg, Capt.



CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, SATURDAY, JULY 16, 1949.

PROPOSAL TO AUGMENT HKFA COUNCIL REJECTED

The proposal to augment the Council of the Hong Kong Football Association by an additional five members to ensure a continuity of policy was rejected at the Annual General Meeting of the Association last night.

Among the amendments which were passed at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Association held before the Annual General Meeting, was one limiting the number of teams in the First Division to 12, except in the case of the Services.

Before the proposal to augment was put forward, the Council by five additional members was thrown open to the meeting for discussion. Mr. J. Skinner, as one of the sponsors of the idea, gave an account of the events leading up to the proposal being put forward.

Mr. Mak Ying-kwai opposed the proposal on the grounds that the power which would be invested in the five members would be too great, that the term of office, namely, five years, was too long, that the suggestion of nomination was not democratic and that these five members were absolutely unnecessary in that their function could be performed by members of the ordinary Council.

The proposal was discussed at length and on being put to the vote was rejected.

An amendment that the selection of Chinese teams for representative games be left to the Chinese National Amateur Athletic Federation was carried, as also amendments relating to the distribution of gate receipts.

On conclusion of the Extraordinary General Meeting, the Annual General Meeting took place after a five minute interval.

President's Address

Addressing the meeting, Sir Arthur Morse, President of the Association, who was in the Chair, said in part:

"At the commencement of the season your Council entertained the keen anticipation that this year would see a vast improvement in the standard of the game, but unfortunately such a hope did not materialise."

"Whilst Mr. Skinner and I were in England last year we were authorised to negotiate, on behalf of the Association, for the services of a professional coach from England. After several interviews with the controlling body at home as well as the candidates, we finally entered into a contract with Mr. Eric Keen for the services of two years in the Colony."

"Mr. Keen arrived in Hong Kong on September 16, a fortnight before the official playing season commenced. Clubs were immediately informed but there was only lukewarm interest in the response. Efforts were made to improve the situation and your Council decided to give free coaching to all players for a period of two hours daily. The attendance was satisfactory for a time but gradually it declined to such an extent that barely a handful of players attended the training. Mr. Keen asked to be released. There was no alternative but for your Council to accede to such a request and his contract terminated."

"It is difficult to lay the cause for the failure of this experiment to any party. Your Council had hoped to improve the standard of football and to place it on an International footing and was therefore justified in taking the next meeting.

TOMORROW'S SOFTBALL

The El Cumbanchero Softball ball Squad will meet a team from USS St. Paul at Happy Valley tomorrow at 2 p.m.

El Cumbanchero will be represented by Benny Omar, Ingmar Erikson, David Leonard, George Souza, Gino Deeps (Captain), Sherry Bux, Rumjahn K. Khan, H. Khan, Sabu Samy, Fred Diesta, and Didiang Babide.

On Sunday at 8.30 p.m. also at Happy Valley, a team from USS Floyd's Bay will meet the local Overseas Chinese outfit.

DINGHIES REQUIRED FOR FINAL RACES

Owing to the necessity of sailing off the final races of the Dinghy Team Competition, eight dinghies will be required for this purpose this afternoon.

About eight further dinghies will be available for the usual series race.

In order to relieve possible congestion, an extra racing race will be sailed.

Owners are asked to co-operate in ensuring that no one wanting a sail is left ashore.

For the benefit of the Dinghy Team Competition, the China Mail Limited, 1000 Kwai Chung Road.

Amateurs Score 242 For Eight In Second Innings

London, July 14. Brian Close, 18-year-old Yorkshire all-rounder, gave a most impressive display of left-handed batting by scoring 65 for The Players against The Gentlemen at Lord's.

Batting with the assurance of a veteran, Close drove and pulled admirably to become top scorer in the match. He hit seven fours during his stay of two hours 40 minutes.

Close, a natural complete cricketer, has a fine chance of completing the "double" in his first year of big cricket. He has scored 684 runs and taken 72 wickets with his right-arm off-spinners.

The Gentlemen gave another indifferent batting display against spin bowling. They were 54 for none and 83 for five. Then followed a sixth wicket stand of 115 by the South African, Clive Van Ryneveld, and Trevor Bailey, who scored 64 and 53 respectively.

Apart from a chance at the wicket when 34, Van Ryneveld batted faultlessly for two hours and five minutes. The partnership lasted one hour 50 minutes.

Roland Jenkins, b. Worcester, became the first bowler to take 100 wickets this season when he dismissed Edrich and Doggett. He had a spell of four wickets for 13 runs, and later Eric Hollies had a spell of three for 11.

The amateurs finished up 112 runs ahead with two wickets in hand.

D. Insole, the Cambridge Blue, carried his bat for 219, his highest

Solicitors' Clerks Association

A letter was received by the "China Mail" late last night from Mr. Lo Wah-hee, who is in charge of the Football Section of the Solicitors' Clerks Association, that a person who attended the HKFA Meeting as a representative of the Solicitors' Clerks Association was not authorized to do so.

Mr. Lo said that his Association did not authorise anybody to represent it at the said meeting and that his Association had decided not to attend.

Misconduct Cases

After dealing with the number of games played and the fact that the Council had given sanction to a competition to be called "The Welfare Charity Cup Competition" to be played next season, Sir Arthur said that it was with regret that he had to report an increase in the number of misconduct cases during the last season.

While speaking on the subject of misconduct, Sir Arthur said: "The first and foremost object of a player entering the field of play is not to win at any cost. He must adhere to fair play and the strict observance of the Laws of the Game. It is better for him and his team mates to lose the game gracefully than to resort to foul means to become winners. It must be remembered that an offence, however slight, leading to a player being ordered off the field of play, not only reflects upon the player himself, but also besmirches the good name and character of the Club he represents."

Sir Arthur said that the Council was determined to keep the game clean at all cost and appealed to all Clubs and to all team managers, in particular to ensure that all players were fully conversant with the Laws of the Game and to voluntarily suspend any player who is liable to bring the game into disrepute, even to the extent of jeopardising the team's chance of carrying off any coveted honour.

Turning to School Football, Sir Arthur said that the School League was in full swing last season with a total of 26 teams participating. Through the co-operation of Clubs which placed their grounds at the disposal of the School League Committee, this School League was run cr. Sunday mornings and was able to reach a conclusion before the season became too hot for football. After dealing with the Statement of Accounts, which showed an excess of expenditure over income of \$29,584.18 Sir Arthur said that no further news had been received on the question of a Stadium. He said that last season it was proved time and again that there was urgent necessity of bigger and better controlled grounds. The matter was believed still commanding attention from the authorities and he hoped that something concrete would be arrived at before the next meeting.

The Money Side

Col. H. T. Alexander, in a few brief words, spoke regarding the local football situation and said that it seemed that the money side took control of the sporting side.

He also referred to the suspicion which appeared to exist between different Clubs and said that this suspicion was quite unjustified. As a result of this suspicion, there was a certain amount of distrust.

Col. Alexander appealed for a better spirit of understanding and co-operation.

Mr. Henry Fung referred to the payment of \$10,000.00 by way of Honorarium to the Hon. Secretary and Assistant Hon. Secretary of the Association and while not entertaining any ill-feelings towards these gentlemen, suggested that it would be more desirable to engage a paid full-time Secretary.

Mr. Skinner drew attention to the sum of \$25,123.80 which had been paid by way of medical expenses for Soong Ling-ting of China "A" who was injured during a game with the Koreans. Mr. Skinner suggested that the incoming Council should take definite steps regarding hospitalisation. He added that if the Association had three such cases in a season it would be bankrupt.

The election of officers resulted as follows: Sir Arthur Morse

Kiwis Pile On The Runs

Northampton, July 15.

The New Zealand cricketers, with a first innings lead of 118 and eight for no wickets overnight, soon lost a wicket when play was resumed here this morning in dull weather and on a damp wicket. By lunch, they had scored 194 for four.

Sutcliffe only doubled his overnight not out two before being cleaned bowled by Nuter.

Scott and Reid played with a good deal of restraint to improve the New Zealanders' position. They forced bowling changes and added 42 before Scott was caught at short-leg at 62.

Wallace adopted an aggressive policy, scoring the first boundary of the morning to leg off Broderick and followed by hitting Garlick to the on for four and six. Reid took a six off Broderick and 30 runs were added in ten minutes before Wallace was bowled.

Heid reached his 50 after one and a half hours. He was taken at the wicket at 184 and his attractive innings included two sixes and seven fours. At lunch, the tourists were 312 runs ahead.

Scores:

New Zealand 1st-innings 456 (for 7 declared)

Northampton 1st-innings 338

New Zealand 2nd-innings 44

Sutcliffe, b Nuter 4

Scott, c Oldfield, b Garlick 20

J. Reid, c Constable, b Garlick 20

Wallace, b Garlick 72

Donnelly, not out 48

Mooney, not out 5

Extras 1

Total (for four) 184

At Ashby-de-la-Zouch: Sussex 454; Leicestershire 238 (for 4); (Lester 84, Jackson 78). Bad light curtailed play.

At Lord's: The Gentlemen 105 and 212 for 8 (Van Ryneveld 64, Bailey 53); The Players 234 (Cliss 85, Brown 5 for 80).

At Portsmouth: Combined Services 237 and 128 for 4 (Turner 57 not out); Hampshire 333

57 not out); Hampshire 333 (Rogers 107, Walker 69).

Total (for four) 184

At Ashby-de-la-Zouch: Sussex 454; Leicestershire 238 (for 4); (Lester 84, Jackson 78). Bad light curtailed play.

At Northampton, July 14.

The feature of today's cricket at Northampton, where the County resumed their match against the New Zealanders, was a brilliant innings of 147 not out by Desmond Barrick, the 23-year-old Yorkshireman who joined the ground staff at Northampton at the opening of the present season.

Barrick's innings enable Northampton to score 338 in reply to New Zealand's total of 456 for 7 declared and thus save the close of play the tourists were eight for no wicket in their second innings.

After the tourists had declared at their overnight score, Northamptonshire made a bad start when Brookes was caught without scoring, but a useful stand by Oldfield and Barrick helped to remedy matters. They put on 65 and Oldfield shared another partnership with Barrick, which realised a further 74.

Oldfield, who has generally exceeded the 50 mark this season but has yet to record his first century, included one six and eight fours in his 76. Barrick continued to bat brilliantly, but after Desmond Barrick, the 23-year-old Yorkshireman who joined the ground staff at Northampton at the opening of the present season.

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